Robustel GoRugged R3000

Dual SIM Industrial Cellular VPN Router

For GPRS/EDGE/UMTS/HSPA+/LTE Networks

User Guide

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www.robustel.com

About This Document

This document describes hardware and software of Robustel R3000, Dual SIM Industrial 2G/3G/4G Router.

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Important Notice

Due to the nature of wireless communications, transmission and reception of data can never be guaranteed. Data may be delayed, corrupted (i.e., have errors) or be totally lost. Although significant delays or losses of data are rare when wireless devices such as the router is used in a normal manner with a well-constructed network, the router should not be used in situations where failure to transmit or receive data could result in damage of any kind to the user or any other party, including but not limited to personal injury, death, or loss of property. Robustel accepts no responsibility for damages of any kind resulting from delays or errors in data transmitted or received using the router, or for failure of the router to transmit or receive such data.

Safety Precautions

General

- The router generates radio frequency (RF) power. When using the router, care must be taken on safety issues related to RF interference as well as regulations of RF equipment.
- Do not use your router in aircraft, hospitals, petrol stations or in places where using cellular products is prohibited.
- Be sure that the router will not be interfering with nearby equipment. For example: pacemakers or medical equipment. The antenna of the router should be away from computers, office equipment, home appliance, etc.
- An external antenna must be connected to the router for proper operation. Only uses approved antenna with the router. Please contact authorized distributor on finding an approved antenna.
- Always keep the antenna with minimum safety distance of 20 cm or more from human body. Do not put the antenna inside metallic box, containers, etc.
- RF exposure statements
 - 1. For mobile devices without co-location (the transmitting antenna is installed or located more than 20cm away from the body of user and nearby person)
- FCC RF Radiation Exposure Statement
 - 1. This Transmitter must not be co-located or operating in conjunction with any other antenna or transmitter.
 - 2. This equipment complies with FCC RF radiation exposure limits set forth for an uncontrolled environment. This equipment should be installed and operated with a minimum distance of 20 centimeters between the radiator and human body.

Note: Some airlines may permit the use of cellular phones while the aircraft is on the ground and the door is open. Router may be used at this time.

Using the router in vehicle

- Check for any regulation or law authorizing the use of cellular devices in vehicle in your country before installing the router.
- The driver or operator of any vehicle should not operate the router while driving.
- Install the router by qualified personnel. Consult your vehicle distributor for any possible interference of electronic parts by the router.
- The router should be connected to the vehicle's supply system by using a fuse-protected terminal in the vehicle's fuse box.
- Be careful when the router is powered by the vehicle's main battery. The battery may be drained after extended period.

Protecting your router

• To ensure error-free usage, please install and operate your router with care. Do remember the following:

- Do not expose the router to extreme conditions such as high humidity / rain, high temperature, direct sunlight, caustic / harsh chemicals, dust, or water.
- Do not try to disassemble or modify the router. There is no user serviceable part inside and the warranty would be void.
- Do not drop, hit or shake the router. Do not use the router under extreme vibrating conditions.
- Do not pull the antenna or power supply cable. Attach/detach by holding the connector.
- Connect the router only according to the instruction manual. Failure to do it will void the warranty.
- In case of problem, please contact authorized distributor.

Regulatory and Type Approval Information

Table 1: Directives

2011/65/EC	Directive 2011/65/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 8 June 2011 on the restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment (RoHS)	RoH5 compliant
2012/19/EU	Directive 2012/19/EU the European Parliament and of the Council of 4 July 2012 on waste electrical and electronic equipment (WEEE)	X

Table 2: Standards of the Ministry of Information Industry of the People's Republic of China

SJ/T	"Requirements for Concentration Limits for Certain Hazardous Substances in Electronic
11363-2006	Information Products" (2006-06).
SJ/T 11364-2006	 "Marking for Control of Pollution Caused by Electronic Information Products" (2006-06). According to the "Chinese Administration on the Control of Pollution caused by Electronic Information Products" (ACPEIP) the EPUP, i.e., Environmental Protection Use Period, of this product is 20 years as per the symbol shown here, unless otherwise marked. The EPUP is valid only as long as the product is operated within the operating limits described in the Hardware Interface Description. Please see <u>Table 3</u> for an overview of toxic or hazardous substances or elements that might be contained in product parts in concentrations above the limits defined by SJ/T 11363-2006.

Table 3: Toxic or hazardous substances or elements with defined concentration limits

Name of the part	Hazardous substances					
	(Pb)	(Hg)	(Cd)	(Cr (VI))	(PBB)	(PBDE)
Metal Parts	0	0	0	0	0	0
Circuit Modules	х	0	0	0	0	0
Cables and Cable Assemblies	0	0	0	0	0	0
Plastic and Polymeric parts	0	0	0	0	0	0

0:

Indicates that this toxic or hazardous substance contained in all of the homogeneous materials for this part is below the limit requirement in SJ/T11363-2006.

x:

Indicates that this toxic or hazardous substance contained in at least one of the homogeneous materials for this part *might exceed* the limit requirement in SJ/T11363-2006.

Revision History

Updates between document versions are cumulative. Therefore, the latest document version contains all updates made to previous versions.

Release Date	Firmware Version	Doc Version	Details
2013-01-24	1.00.00	V1.0.0	First Release
2014-01-17	1.01.00	V2.0.0	Second Release
2014 02 20	1 01 01	V2 0 1	Update WLAN, GPS antenna information for section 2.8
2014-05-29	1.01.01	V2.0.1	and DHCP, Device List information for section 3.5.
2014-04-28	1.01.01	V2.0.2	Delete the introduction of R3000-2E since it reached EOL
2014 09 01	1 01 19	V2 0 2	Update feature: Pppoe, SSH2, Do control via Web, QoS
2014-08-01	1.01.18	V2.0.5	Port Based Control and RobustVPN; delete IP-Passthrough.
2014-10-23	1.01.18	V2.0.4	Update label of R3000.
2014-12-24	1.02.00	V2.0.5	Delete HSUPA. Update Section: Regulatory and Type Approvals, Install SIM Card and Micro SD Card, Power Supply Update Feature: WiFi-Basic, GPS-GPS Status, NAT/DMZ-Virtual IP Mapping, Firewall-Basic, Firewall-Filtering, QoS, OpenVPN-Encryption, L2TP Server, Portal, RobustVPN, Tools-Sniffer, Tools-Test, Clock-GPS Time Sync
2015-05-13	1.2.0	V2.0.6	Modify Section: Firmware Version, Mount the Route, file format, Sentence Revision, Approval & Certification, Regulatory and Type Approval Information
2015-05-28	1.2.8	V2.1.0	Increase section: Download MIB Moudles File, GpsGate portal Modify section: SDK Management, CLI command

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Chapter 1 Product Concept

1.1 Overview

Robustel GoRugged R3000 is a rugged cellular router offering state-of-the-art mobile connectivity for machine to machine (M2M) applications.

- Dual SIM redundancy for continuous cellular connections, supports 2G/3G/4G.
- WAN link management: cellular WAN/Ethernet WAN/WLAN WAN backup.
- VPN tunnel: IPSec/OpenVPN/PPTP/L2TP/GRE.
- Supports Modbus gateway (Modbus RTU/ASCII to Modbus TCP).
- Supports GPS&GLONASS (optional), provides real time location and tracking.
- Supports 802.11 b/g/n Wi-Fi (optional), AP and client mode.
- Supports SDK, provides user programmatic interface.
- Supports 802.1Q VLAN Trunk.
- Supports PPPoE Bridge(IP Passthrough).
- Auto reboot via SMS/Caller ID/Timing.
- Supports RobustLink(Centralized M2M management platform, to remote monitor, configure and update firmware).
- Supports RobustVPN (Cloud VPN Portal, to provide easy and secure remote access for PLCs and machines).
- Flexible Management methods: Web/CLI/SNMP/RobustLink.
- Firmware upgrade via Web/CLI/USB/SMS/RobustLink.
- Various interfaces: RS232/RS485/Console/DI/DO/USB/Ethernet.
- Wide range input voltages from 9 to 60 VDC and extreme operating temperature.
- The metal enclosure can be mounted on a DIN-rail or on the wall, also with extra ground screw.

1.2 Packing List

Check your package to make sure it contains the following items:

• Robustel GoRugged R3000 router x 1



• 3-pin pluggable terminal block with lock for power connector x 1



• 7-pin pluggable terminal block with lock for serial port, I/O and console port x 1



• CD with user guide x 1 **Note**: Please notify your sales representative if any of the above items are missing or damaged.

Optional accessories (can be purchased separately):

• SMA antenna (Stubby antenna or Magnet antenna optional) x 1 Stubby antenna Magnet antenna





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• Ethernet cable x 1



• Wall Mounting Kit



• 35mm Din-Rail mounting kit



• AC/DC Power Supply Adapter (12VDC, 1.5A) x 1 (EU, US, UK, AU plug optional)



1.3 Specifications

Cellular Interface

- Standards: GSM/GPRS/EDGE/UMTS/HSPA/EVDO/FDD LTE
- GPRS/EDGE: 850/900/1800/1900 MHz
- HSPA+: 850/900/1900/2100 MHz, DL/UL 21/5.76 Mbps, fallback to 2G
- FDD LTE: 800/900/1800/2100/2600 MHz, DL/UL 100/50 Mbps, fallback to 3G/2G
- EVDO: 450 or 800/1900 MHz, Rev A/B
- SIM: 2 x (3V & 1.8V)

• Antenna Interface: SMA Female

Ethernet Interface

- Number of Ports: 2 x 10/100 Mbps, 2 LANs or 1 LAN 1 WAN
- Magnet Isolation Protection: 1.5KV

WLAN Interface (Optional)

- Standards: 802.11b/g/n up to 65 Mbps, AP and Client mode
- Frequency Band: 2.400 2.500 GHz (2.4 GHz ISM band)
- Security: Open ,WPA, WPA2
- Encryption: AES, TKIP
- Antenna Interface: RP-SMA Female
- Transmission Power: 802.11b: 17dBm, 802.11g/n: 15dBm
- Reception Sensibility: 1M: -97dBm, 2M: -93dBm, 6M: -91dBm, 11M: -89dBm, 54M: -75dBm, 65M: -72dBm

Digital Input

- Type: 2 x DI, Dry Contact
- Dry Contact: On: open, Off: short to GND
- Isolation: 3K VDC or 2K Vrms
- Absolute Maximum VDC: 5V
- Digital Filtering Time Interval: Software selectable
- Interface: 3.5mm terminal block with lock

Digital Output

- Type: 2 x DO, Sink
- Isolation: 3K VDC or 2K Vrms
- Absolute Maximum VDC: 30V
- Absolute Maximum ADC: 300mA
- Interface: 3.5mm terminal block with lock

Serial Interface

- Number of Ports: 1 x RS-232, 1 x RS-485 or 2 x RS232 or 2 x RS485
- ESD Protection: ±15KV
- Parameters: 8E1, 8O1, 8N1, 8N2, 7E2, 7O2, 7N2, 7E1
- Baud Rate: 300bps to 230400bps
- RS-232: TxD, RxD, RTS, CTS, GND
- RS-485: Data+ (A), Data- (B)
- Interface: 3.5mm terminal block with lock

GPS & GLONASS Interface (Optional)

- Antenna Interface: SMA Female, 50 ohms impedance
- Tracking Sensitivity: GPS: better than -148 dBm

GLONASS: better than -140 dBm

• Horizontal position accuracy: GPS: 2.5 m

GLONASS: 4.0 m

• Time-To-First-Fix: GPS: 26 s

GLONASS: 30 s

Protocol: NMEA-0183 V2.3

System

- LED Indicators: RUN, PPP/WLAN, USR, RSSI, NET, SIM
- Built-in RTC, Watchdog, Timer
- Expansion: 1 x USB 2.0 host up to 480 Mbps
- Storage: 1 x MicroSD

Software

- Network protocols: PPP, PPPoE, TCP, UDP, DHCP, ICMP, NAT, DMZ, RIP v1/v2, OSPF, DDNS, VRRP, HTTP, HTTPs, DNS,
 - ARP, QoS, SNTP, Telnet, VLAN, SSH2, etc
- VPN tunnel: IPSec/OpenVPN/PPTP/L2TP/GRE

- Firewall: SPI, anti-DoS, Filter, Access Control
- Management: Web, CLI, SNMP v1/v2/v3, SMS, RobustLink
- Serial Port: TCP client/server, UDP, Modbus RTU/ASCII to Modbus TCP, Virtual COM (COM port redirector)
- RobustLink: Centralized M2M management platform
- RobustVPN: Cloud VPN Portal

Power Supply and Consumption

- Power Supply Interface: 5mm terminal block with lock
- Input Voltage: 9 to 60 VDC
- Power Consumption: Idle: 100 mA @ 12 V

Data Link: 400 mA (peak) @ 12 V

Physical Characteristics

- Housing & Weight: Metal, 500g
- Dimension: (L x W x H): 125 x 108 x 45 mm
- Installation: 35mm Din-Rail or wall mounting or desktop

Regulatory and Type Approvals

• Approval & Certification: CE, R&TTE,FCC, PTCRB, GCF, AT&T, IC,

Rogers, RCM, CB, E-Mark, NBTC, RoHS, WEEE

- EMI : EN 55022 (2006/A1: 2007) Class B
- EMC: EN 61000-4-2 (ESD) Level 4, EN 61000-4-3 (RS) Level 4

EN 61000-4-4 (EFT) Level 4, EN 61000-4-5 (Surge) Level 3

EN 61000-4-6 (CS) Level 4, EN 61000-4-8 Level 4

Environmental Limits

Model No.	Description	Operating Environment
R3000-2G	GPRS Router	-40 to 85°C/5 to 95% RH
R3000-3P	HSPA+ Router	-40 to 85°C/5 to 95% RH
R3000-3E	EVDO Rev A/B Router	-20 to 60°C/5 to 95% RH
R3000-4L	FDD LTE Router	-40 to 85°C/5 to 95% RH

1.4 Selection and Ordering Data

Please refer to corresponding R3000 datasheet.

Chapter 2 Installation

2.1 LED Indicators

O RUN		O RUN	.11 0
🔘 ррр	NET O	O WLAN	NET 🔘
O USR	SIM O	O USR	sim O

Name	Color	Status	Function	
		Blinking	Router is ready.	
RUN	Green	On	Router is starting.	
		Off	Router is power off.	
		Plinking	WLAN Indicator: Data is being transmitted.	
		DIIIKIIIg	PPP Indicator: Null	
WLAN/P	Groop	On	WLAN Indicator: Wi-Fi AP/Client is enabled.	
PP	Green		PPP Indicator: PPP connection is up.	
		Off	WLAN Indicator: Wi-Fi AP/Client is disabled.	
		OII	PPP Indicator: PPP connection is down.	
	Groop	On/Blinking	VPN tunnel/PPPoE/DynDNS/GPS is up.	
USK	Green	Off	VPN tunnel/PPPoE/DynDNS/GPS is down.	
	Green	On	Signal level: 21-31 (Perfect signal level).	
	Yellow	On	Signal level: 11-20 (Average signal level).	
	Red	On	Signal level: 1-10 (Exceptional signal level).	
	Green	Blinking	4G is connected but PPP connection is failed.	
		On	4G is connected and PPP connection is established.	
	Yellow	Blinking	3G is connected but PPP connection is failed.	
NET		On	3G is connected and PPP connection is established.	
	Dod	Blinking	2G is connected but PPP connection is failed.	
	Reu	On	2G is connected and PPP connection is established.	
	/	Off	Cannot register to any network.	
	Croon	Blinking	Only SIM 1 is detected, but PIN code is incorrect.	
	Green	On	Working with SIM 1 normally.	
	Vallaur	Blinking	Only SIM 2 is detected, but PIN code is incorrect.	
SIM	Yellow	On	Working with SIM 2 normally.	
	Green&Y	Blinking between		
	ellow	two colors	I wo Slivis are detected, but both of their PIN codes are incorrect.	
	/	Off	No SIM inside.	

Note: User can select display status of USR LED. For details please refer to section 23.37.

2.2 PIN Assignment



PIN	Debug	RS232	Direction
1	RXD		Device \rightarrow R3000
2	TXD		$R3000 \rightarrow Device$
3	GND	GND	
4		TXD	R3000 \rightarrow Device
5		RXD	Device →R3000
6		RTS	$R3000 \rightarrow Device$
7		CTS	Device →R3000

PIN	Power	Digital I/O	RS485
8	Positive		
9	Negative		
10	GND		
11		Input 1	
12		Input 2	
13		Output 1	
14		Output 2	
15		GND	
16			Data+(A)
17			Data- (B)

2.3 USB Interface



USB interface is used for batch firmware upgrade, cannot used to send or receive data from slave devices which with USB interface.

Users can insert a USB storage device, such as U disk or hard disk, into the router's USB interface, if there is configuration file or firmware of R3000 inside the USB storage devices, R3000 will automatically update the configuration file or firmware. Details please refer to section 23.16.

2.4 Reset Button



Function	Operation
Reboot	Push the button for 5 seconds under working status.
Destars to fastary	Push the button for 60 seconds once you power on the
Restore to factory	router until all the three LEDs at the left side (RUN,
default setting	PPP, USR) blink at the same time for 5 times.

2.5 Ethernet Ports



Each Ethernet port has two LED indicators (please check the following picture). The yellow one is **Speed indicator** and the green one is **Link indicator**. There are three status of each indicator. For details please refer to the form below.

Indicator	Status	Description
Croad Indicator	Off	10 Mbps mode.
speed mulcator	On	100 Mbps mode.
	Off	Connection is down.
Link Indicator	On	Connection is up.
	Blink	Data is being transmitted

2.6 Mount the Router

• Two ways of mounting the router

Use 3 pcs of M3 screw to mount the router on the Wall mounting Kit.
 And then use 2 pcs of M3 screw to mount the Wall mounting Kit on the wall.



2. Mount the router on a DIN rail with 3 pcs of M3 screws, and then hang the DIN-Rail on the holder. You need to choose a standard holder.



2.7 Install SIM Card and Micro SD Card



- Inserting SIM Card or Micro SD Card
- 1. Make sure power supply is disconnected.
- 2. Use a screwdriver to unscrew the screw on the cover, and then remove the cover, you could find the SIM Card slots and the Micro SD slot.
- 3. Insert the SIM card or Micro SD card, and you need press the card with your fingers until you hear "a cracking sound". Then use a screwdriver to screw the cover.
- Removing SIM Card or Micro SD Card
- 1. Make sure router is power off.
- 2. Press the card until you hear "a cracking sound", when the card will pop up to be pulled out.

Note:

- Please use the specific M2M SIM card when the device works in extreme temperature(temperature exceeding 0-40 ℃), because the long-time working of regular SIM card in harsh environment(temperature exceeding 0-40 ℃)may increase the possibility of SIM card failure.
- 2. Don't forget screw the cover for again-theft.
- 3. Don't touch the metal surface of the SIM card in case information in the card is lost or destroyed.
- 4. Don't bend or scratch your SIM card. Keep the card away from electricity and magnetism.
- 5. Make sure router is power off before inserting or removing your SIM card or Micro SD card.

2.8 Connect the External Antenna

Connect router with an external antenna connector. Make sure the antenna is within correct frequency range and is screwed tightly.



2.9 Ground the Router

Grounding and wire router helps limit the effects of noise due to electromagnetic interference (EMI). Run the ground connection from the ground by screwing to the grounding surface before connecting devices.



Note: This product is intended to be mounted to a well-grounded mounting surface, such as a metal panel.

2.10 Power Supply



The power supply range is 9 to 60 VDC.

Note: Please take care about the polarity, and do not make reverse connection. There are two lines connecting to the power supply adapter, as it illustrates on the power supply adapter label, the line printed with letters needs to be connected with the positive polarity, and the striped line needs to be connected with the negative polarity.

Chapter 3 Configuration Settings over Web Browser

The router can be configured through your web browser that include IE 8.0 or above, Chrome and Firefox. A web browser is included as a standard application in the following operating systems: Linux, Mac OS, Windows 98/NT/2000/XP/Me/Vista/7/8, etc. It provides an easy and user-friendly interface for configuration. There are various ways to connect the router, either through an external repeater/hub or connect directly to your PC. However, make sure that your PC has an Ethernet interface properly installed prior to connecting the router. You must configure your PC to obtain an IP address through a DHCP server or a fixed IP address that must be in the same subnet as the router. If you encounter any problems accessing the router web interface it is advisable to uninstall your firewall program on your PC, as this tends to cause problems accessing the IP address of the router.

3.1 Configuring PC in Windows 7

The configuration for windows system is similar.

- 1. Go to *Start / Control Panel* (in Classic View). In the Control Panel, double-click *Network Connections*.
- 2. Double-click *Local Area Connection*.



3. In the Local Area Connection Status window, click Properties.

📱 Local Area Con	nection Status	×
General		
Connection —		
IPv4 Connect	vity:	Internet
IPv6 Connect	vity:	No Internet access
Media State:		Enabled
Duration:		09:30:11
Speed:		100.0 Mbps
Details		
Activity		
	Sent — 📕	Received
Bytes:	12,818,574	83,948,334
Properties	😚 Disable	Diagnose
		Close

4. Select Internet Protocol (TCP/IP) and click Properties.



5. Select Obtain an IP address automatically and Obtain DNS server address automatically radio buttons.

Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv4)	Properties 2
General Alternate Configuration	
You can get IP settings assigned auton this capability. Otherwise, you need to for the appropriate IP settings.	matically if your network supports o ask your network administrator
Obtain an IP address automatical	lly
Use the following IP address:	
IP address:	
Subnet mask:	
Default gateway:	
Obtain DNS server address autom	matically
OUse the following DNS server add	dresses:
Preferred DNS server:	
Alternate DNS server:	
Validate settings upon exit	Advanced
	OK Cancel

6. Click OK to finish the configuration.

3.2 Factory Default Settings

Before configuring your router, you need to know the following default settings.

User authentication required. Login please.		
Username:	admin	
Password:	•••••	
Language:	English 💌	
Please enter your login	username and password.	
	Login	

Item	Description
Username	admin
Password	admin
Eth0	192.168.0.1/255.255.255.0, LAN mode
Eth1	192.168.0.1/255.255.255.0, LAN mode
DHCP Server	Enabled.

3.3 Control Panel

Robuste						• Save	• Reboot	• Logout	• E	nglish	•
nobosce								Lo	gged in	as: ad	min
Status	<u> </u>	Syste	m								
System		LEDs Inform	nation								
Network		RUN:	GREEN/BLINK	RSSI:	YELLOW/ON						
Route	Ξ	WIFI:	GREEN/ON	NET:	YELLOW/ON						
VPN		USR:	OFF	SIM:	GREEN/ON						Ξ
Services											
Event/Log		Router Info	rmation								
Configuration		Device N	1odel:	R3000							
Configuration		Serial Nu	ımber:	00300514020007							
Link Management		Device N	lame:	R3000-3P							
Cellular WAN		Firmware	e Version:	1.02.00							
Ethernet		Hardwar	e Version:	1.02.01							
WiFi		Kernel V	ersion:	2.6.39-9							
Serial	-	Radio Mo	odule Type:	HE910-D							
DI/DO		Radio Fir	mware Version:	12.00.024							
USB		Uptime:		0 day 00:05:30							
GPS		CPU Loa	d:	08.84%							-
NAT/DMZ	Ŧ						Manual R	Refresh 💌	Re	fresh	
			Copyright © 20	14 Robustel Technolog	ies. All rights reserve	ed.					

This section allows users to save configuration, reboot router, logout and select language.

Control Panel Item Description Button Save Click to save the current configuration into router's flash. Save After save the current configuration, router needs to be rebooted to Reboot Reboot make the modification taking effect. Logout Logout Click to return to the login page. Language Select from Chinese, English, German, French and Spanish. English v Click to refresh the status. Refresh Refresh Apply Apply Click to apply the modification on every configuration page. Cancel Click to cancel the modification on every configuration page. Cancel

Note: The steps of how to modify configuration are as bellow:

- 1. Modify in one page;
- 2. Click Apply under this page;
- 3. Modify in another page;
- 4. Click Apply under this page;
- 5. Complete all modification;
- 6. Click Save ;
- 7. Click Reboot

3.4 Status -> System

This section displays the router's system status, which shows you a number of helpful information such as the LEDs information, Router information, Current WAN Link and Cellular Information.

LEDs Information

For the detail description, please refer to 2.1LED Indicators.

System LEDs Information

RUN:	GREEN/BLINK	RSSI:	RED/ON
PPP:	GREEN/ON	NET:	YELLOW/ON
USR:	GREEN/ON	SIM:	GREEN/ON
	RUN: PPP: USR:	RUN: GREEN/BLINK PPP: GREEN/ON USR: GREEN/ON	RUN:GREEN/BLINKRSSI:PPP:GREEN/ONNET:USR:GREEN/ONSIM:

Router Information

Device Model:	R3000
Serial Number:	00300514020007
Device Name:	R3000-3P
Firmware Version:	1.2.0
Hardware Version:	1.02.01
Kernel Version:	2.6.39-9
Radio Module Type:	HE910-D
Radio Firmware Version:	12.00.024
Uptime:	0 day 00:05:30
CPU Load:	08.84%
RAM Total/Free:	123.02MB/59.15MB(48.08%)
System Time:	2014-12-25 14:59:32

Router Information				
Item	Description			
Device Model	Show the model name of this device			
Serial Number	Show the serial number of this device			
Device Name	Show the device name to distinguish different devices you have installed.			
Firmware Version	Show the current firmware version			
Hardware Version	Show the current hardware version			
Kernel Version	Show the current kernel version			
Radio Module Type	Show the current radio module type			
Radio Firmware Version	Show the current radio firmware version			
Uptime	Show how long the router have been working since power on			
CPU Load	Show the current CPU load			
RAM Total/Free	Show the total capacity /Free capacity of RAM			
System Time	Show the current system time			

Current WAN Link

Current WAN Link:	Cellular
IP Address:	10.188.180.135
Gateway:	192.168.254.254
NetMask:	255.255.255.255
DNS Server:	210.21.4.130, 221.5.88.88
Keepalive PING IP Address:	8.8.8.8, 8.8.4.4
Keepalive PING Interval:	30

Current WAN Link				
Item	tem Description			
Current WAN Link	Show the current WAN link: Cellular WAN or Ethernet WAN.			
IP Address	Show the current WAN IP address			
Gateway	Show the current gateway			
NetMask	Show the current netmask			
DNS Server	Show the current primary DNS server and Secondary server			
Keeping PING IP Address	Show the current ICMP detection server which you can set in "Configuration->Link			
	Management".			
Kaaning DINC Interval	Show the ICMP Detection Interval (s) which you can set in "Configuration->Link			
Reeping Pind Interval	Management".			

Cellular Information	
Current SIM:	SIM1
Phone No.:	
SMS Service Center:	8613010200500
Modem Status:	Ready
Network Status:	Registered to home network
Signal Level (RSSI):	
PLMN:	China Unicom 3G (LAC: A50B / Cell ID: 148A98C)
Network Service Type:	3G HSDPA
IMEI/ESN:	351579052625397
IMSI:	460012054011892
APN:	3gnet
Username:	
Password:	
USB Status:	Ready

Cellular Information				
Item	Description			
Current SIM	Show the SIM card which the router work with currently: SIM1 or SIM2			
Phone No.	Show the phone number of the current SIM.			
SMS Service Center	Show the SMS Service Center.			
	Show the status of modem. There are 8 different status:			
	1. Unknown.			
	2. Ready.			
	3. Checking AT.			
Modem Status	4. Need PIN.			
	5. Need PUK.			
	6. Signal level is low.			
	7. No registered.			
	8. Initialize APN failed.			
	Show the current network status. There are 6 different status:			
	1. Not registered, ME is currently not searching for new operator!			
	2. Registered to home network.			
Network Status	3. Not registered, but ME is currently searching for a new operator.			
	4. Registration denied.			
	5. Registered, roaming.			
	6. Unknown.			
Signal Level (RSSI)	Show the current signal level.			
DIMAN	Show Mobile Country Code (MCC) +Mobile Network Code (MNC), e.g. 46001.			
PLIVIN	Also it will show the Location Area Code (LAC) and Cell ID.			
Network Service Type	Show the current network service type, e.g. GPRS.			
IMEI/ESN	Show the IMEI/ESN number of the radio module.			

IMSI	Show the IMSI number of the current SIM.
USB Status	Show the current status of USB host.

3.5 Status -> Network

This section displays the router's Network status, which include status of Cellular WAN, ETH0, ETH1, WLAN (AP mode)/WLAN (Client mode), DHCP and Device List.

Cellular WAN	
Connection Status:	Connected
Connect Time:	0 day 00:38:17
IP Address:	10.188.180.135
Gateway:	192.168.254.254
Primary DNS Server:	210.21.4.130
Secondary DNS Server:	221.5.88.88

LA	NO	
	IP Address:	172.31.99.7
	MAC Address:	00:ff:74:46:cd:e7
	MTU:	1500
	NetMask:	255.255.0.0
LA	N1	
LA	N1 IP Address:	192.168.10.1
LA	N1 IP Address: MAC Address:	192.168.10.1 00:ff:74:46:dc:e2
LA	N1 IP Address: MAC Address: MTU:	192.168.10.1 00:ff:74:46:dc:e2 1500
LA	N1 IP Address: MAC Address: MTU: NetMask:	192.168.10.1 00:ff:74:46:dc:e2 1500 255.255.255.0

Note: "Cellular WAN" information will not be shown if you select "Eth0" in "Configuration"->"Link Management"->"Link Management Settings" ->"Primary Interface".

WiFi		
MAC Address:	00:23:a7:40:12:58	
SSID:	R3000	
Mode:	AP	
WPA State:	Completed	

Note: This information will be shown when R3000 enable WiFi feature and works as AP mode.

WIFI WAN		
Connection Mode:	DHCP Client	
IP Address:	192.168.253.6	
MAC Address:	00:23:a7:40:12:58	
Gateway:	192.168.253.1	
NetMask:	255.255.255.0	
Primary DNS Server:	192.168.253.1	
Secondary DNS Server:	172.16.0.200	

Note: This information will be shown when R3000 enable WiFi and works as Client mode.

Ne	twork	DHCP	Device List		
DHCP L	.ease List				
	D	hcp Client Name	MAC Address	IP Address	Expired Time
		Ben-PC	00:03:12:0d:1b:3a	192.168.10.2	15:07:55

Ne	twork	DHCP	Device List
Device	List		
	Interface	MAC Address	IP Address
	lan0	f8:a9:63:bc:dc:32	172.31.2.59

3.6 Status -> Route

This section displays the router's route table.

Route

Route Table								
	Destination	NetMask	Gateway	Interface	Metric			
	0.0.0.0	0.0.0.0	192.168.254.254	pppO	0			
	172.31.0.0	255.255.0.0	0.0.0.0	lan0	0			
	192.168.1.0	255.255.255.0	0.0.0.0	lani	0			
	192.168.254.254	255.255.255.255	0.0.0.0	pppO	0			

3.7 Status -> VPN

This section displays the router's VPN status, which includes IPSec, L2TP, PPTP, OpenVPN and GRE.

IPsec	L2TP	РРТР	OpenVPN	GRE					
IPsec Status									
No. T	unnel name	Status Conn	ect Time						
IPsec Detail Status									
Show Detail St	atus								
IPsec	L2TP	РРТР	OpenVPN	GRE					
L2TP Client									
No. Tunne	el name Sta	tus Local I	P Remote IP	Connect Time					
L2TP Server									
No. Tunne	el name Sta	tus Local I	P Remote IP	Connect Time					
IPsec	L2TP	РРТР	OpenVPN	GRE					
PPTP Client									
No. Tunn	el name Sta	tus Local I	P Remote IP	Connect Time					
PPTP Server	PPTP Server								
No. Tunn	el name Sta	tus Local I	P Remote IP	Connect Time					

I	Psec	L2TP	РРТ	P OpenVPN	GRE	
VPN Sta	atus					
	No.	Tunnel name	Status			

	IPsec	:	.2TP	РРТР	OpenVPN	GRE
GRE						
	No.	Tunnel name	Status	Local IP	Remote IP	Connect Time

3.8 Status -> Services

This section displays the router's Services' status, including VRRP, DynDNS, Serial and DI/DO.

VRRP	DynDNS	Seria	D.	I/DO							
VRRP											
VRRP is disabled!											
VRRP	DynDNS	Seria	l D	I/DO							
DynDNS											
DynDNS is disab	led!										
VRRP	DynDNS	Seria	D	I/DO							
RS232: 115200, N	, 8, 1										
RS485: 115200, N	, 8, 1										
VRRP	DynDNS	Seria	l D	I/DO							
DI											
No.	Level	Status	Start Counter	Event Counter Value							
DO				•							
No	Level	Status									
1	Low A	larm off									
2	2 Low Alarm off										
DO Control											
DO_1: Hi	igh										
DO_2: Hi	igh										

DI/DO					
Item	Description				
DI	Show status of DI.				
DO	Show status of DO.				
DO Control	You can click button to change DO status of both DO_1 and DO_2 via web after you				
DO CONTION	have enable DO in Configuration-> DI/DO-> DO-> DO Configuration -> Enable.				

3.9 Status -> Event/Log

This section displays the router's event/log information. You need to enable router to output the log and select the log level first, then you can view the log information here. Also you can click *Download System Diagnosing Data* to download diagnose data.

it/Log Messages	
Download:	Please Select 🕶
Log Level:	DEBUG 🐱
13-08-30 17:15:17 <0 13-08-30 17:15:17 <0 13-08-30 17:15:24 <0 13-08-30 17:15:25 <0 13-08-30 17:15:25 <3 13-08-30 17:15:26 <0 13-08-30 17:15:26 <0	> router: Firmware version: 1.01.00-sub-130829 Aug 29 2013 17:19:34 > router: start dhcpd > router: open /dev/ttyUSB3 successful! > router: sent:ATE0 > router: failed 1/5 to test AT command ATE0 > router: sent:ATE0 > router: sent:ATE0 > router: sent:ATE0 > router: rcvd:ATE0
OK 13-08-30 17:15:27 <0: 13-08-30 17:15:27 <0: +CME ERROR: SIM bus 13-08-30 17:15:27 <3: 13-08-30 17:15:32 <0: 13-08-30 17:15:32 <0: +CPIN: READY	> router: sent:AT+CPIN? > router: rcvd: y > router: failed 1/5 to check SIM card > router: sent:AT+CPIN? > router: rcvd:
OK 13-08-30 17:15:33 <0: 13-08-30 17:15:33 <0: OK 13-08-30 17:15:33 <0:	> router: sent:AT+CFUN=1 > router: rcvd: > router: sent:AT!ENTERCND="A710"

Manual Refresh 🗸

Clear

Refresh

Event/Log						
Item	Description					
Download	Select the log messages you want to download.					
	elect the Log level in the drop-down menu: DEBUG, INFO, NOTICE, WARNING, ERR,					
LOg Level	CRIT, ALERT, EMERG.					
Download System	Click Download System Diagnosing Data to download diagnose file.					
Diagnosing Data						
Manual Pofrach	Select from "5 Seconds", "10 Seconds", "15 Seconds", "30 Seconds" and "1 Minute".					
	User can select these intervals to refresh the log information.					

Link Managom

3.10 Configuration -> Link Management

This section allows users to set the WAN link and the related parameters.

сик манадешенс		
Link Management Settings		
Primary Interface:	Cellular 💌	
Backup Interface:	None 💌	
ICMP Detection Primary Server:	8.8.8.8	
ICMP Detection Secondary Server:	8.8.4.4	
ICMP Detection Interval (s):	30	
ICMP Detection Timeout (s):	3	
ICMP Detection Retries:	3	
Reset The Interface		
*It is recommended to use an ICMP detect	ion server to keep router a	lways online
*The ICMP detection increases the reliabilit	ty and also cost data traffic	1
*DNS example: Google DNS Server 8.8.8.8	and 8.8.4.4	

Link Management								
Item	Description	Default						
	Selected from "Cellular", "Eth0", "WiFi".							
Drimonulatorfoco	1. Cellular: Select to make cellular as the primary WAN link.							
Primary interface	2. Eth0: Select to make Eth0 as the primary WAN link.							
	3. WiFi: Select to make WiFi as the primary WAN link.							
	Selected from "None", "Eth0", "WiFi".							
	1. None: Do not select backup interface.							
Backup Interface	2. Cellular: Select Cellular as the backup WAN link.	None						
	3. Eth0: Select Eth0 as the backup WAN link.							
	4. WiFi: Select WiFi as the backup WAN link.							
ICMP Detection Primary	Router will ping this primary address/domain name to check that if the							
Server	current connectivity is active.							
ICMP Detection	Router will ping this secondary address/domain name to check that if the							
Secondary Server	current connectivity is active.							
ICMP Detection Interval	Set the ping interval.							
ICMP Detection	Set the ning time out							
Timeout	Set the ping timeout.							
ICMP Dotaction Patrics	If Router ping the preset address/domain name time out continuously for							
ICIMP Delection Retries	Max Retries time, it will consider that the connection has been lost.							
Posot The Interface	Enable to reset the cellular/ETH0 interface after the max ICMP detection	2						
Neset The Interface	retries.							

3.11 Configuration -> Cellular WAN

This section allows users to set the Cellular WAN and the related parameters.

Note: This section will not be displayed if you select "EthO Only" in "Configuration"->"Link Management"->"WAN Link".

Basic	Ad	vanced		15	SP Pro	ofile				
llular Settings										
		s	IM1				S	IM2		
Status:		R	eady				N	ot inserted		
Network Provider	Type:	A	uto		-		A	luto 👻]	
APN:										
Username:										
Password:										
Dialup No.:										
PIN Type:		N	one	-			N	lone 👻		
poe Bridge Settin	9									
Enable Pppoe	Bridge									
nnection Mode										
Connection Mode		6	onnect	on d	emand	~				
Redial Interval (s	12	3	n		-cmarci					
Reulai Interval (S):		3	3							
Inactivity Time (c):		0	0							
Serial Output Cor	itent (Hi	ex):								
Triggered by 9	erial Da	ita								
✓ Triggered by 1	el									
✓ Triggered by 9	MS									
SMS Connect com	mand:									
SMS disconnect c	ommand	1:								
SMS connect repl	y:									
SMS disconnect re	eply:									
Phone Group:		N	ULL 🔽	Click	to add	l Phon	eGroup!			
✓ Triggered by I	O (Note	: use DI	_1.)	_						
Periodically co	nnect									
Time schedule:	N	NULL								
Time Range										
Name	SUN MO	ON TUE	WED	THU	FRI	SAT	Time Range1	Time Range2	Time Range3	
schedule_1				V	V		08:10-12:00	14:10-20:15		x

Dual SIM Policy				
Main SIM Card:	SIM1 -			
🗵 Switch To Backup SIM Card	When Connectio	on Fails		
🗵 Switch To Backup SIM Card	When ICMP Dete	ection Fails		
Total Ping (5~100)		10		
Average Ping (100~5000ms)		400		
Total Loss (0~100%)		30		
🗵 Switch To Backup SIM Card	When Roaming I	Is Detected		
Preferred PLMN:				
🗵 Switch To Backup SIM Card	When IO Is Activ	ve (Note: use	DI_2.)	
🗵 Switch To Backup SIM Card	When Data Limit	t Is Exceeded		
When Both Data Limit Is Excee	ded	Stay in Bac	kup SIM Card	•
Max Data Limitation (MB):	100		100	
Date Of Month To Clean:	1		1	
Already used (KB):	280		0	
	Clear		Clear	
🗵 Switch Back Main SIM Card A	After Timeout			
Initial Timeout (min):	60			

Basic @Cellular WAN								
Cellular Settings								
Item	Description	Default						
	Select from "Auto", "Custom" or the ISP name you preset in							
	"Configuration"->"Cellular WAN"->"ISP Profile".							
Notwork Provider Type	Auto: Router will get the ISP information from SIM card, and set the APN,	Auto						
Network Provider Type	username and password automatically. This option only works when the	Auto						
	SIM card is from well-known ISP.							
	Custom: Users need to set the APN, username and password manually.							
APN	Access Point Name for cellular dial-up connection, provided by local ISP.	Null						
Username	User Name for cellular dial-up connection, provided by local ISP.	Null						
Password	Password for cellular dial-up connection, provided by local ISP.	Null						
Dialup No.	Dialup number for cellular dial-up connection, provided by local ISP.	*99***1#						
	Select from "None", "Input", "Lock", "Unlock".							
	None: Select when SIM card does not enable PIN lock or PUK lock.							
	Input: Select when SIM card has enabled with PIN lock or PUK lock.							
	Correct PIN/PUK code need to be entered.	Nono						
	Lock: Select when user needs to lock the SIM card with PIN or PUK code.							
Рім туре	Unlock: Select when user needs to unlock the SIM card with PIN or PUK							
	code.							
	Note: Please ask your local GSM ISP to see whether your SIM card							
	requiring PIN or not.							
	If you want to change with a new PIN code, you need to input new PIN							
	code in item "New PIN Code" and "Confirm New PIN Code".							
--------------------------	--	---------						
	You can go to tab "Status" -> "Event/Log" and find out "AT+CPIN?" to							
	check what the status of the SIM card is.							
	PPPoE Bridge Setting							
Enable PPPoE Bridge	Click to enable PPPoE Bridge setting.	Disable						
	Connection Mode							
	Select from "Always Online" and "Connect On Demand".							
	Always Online: Auto activates PPP and keeps the link up after power on.							
	Connect On Demand: After selection this option, user could configure	Connect						
Connection Mode	Triggered by Serial Data, Triggered by Periodically Connect and Triggered by	On						
	Time Schedule.	Demand						
	Note: If you select several connect on demand polices, router only have to							
	meet one of them to be triggered.							
	Router will automatically re-dial with this interval when it fails	20						
Redial Interval	communicating to peer via TCP or UDP.	30						
	The maximum retries times for automatically re-connect when router fails							
	to dial up.							
May Dataina	After maximum retries, router will reboot the wireless module. If router still	2						
Max Retries	cannot dial up successfully, it will try to switch to the other SIM card. Then	3						
	router will re-connect with the other SIM card with maximum retries.							
	After successful connection, the Max Retries counter will be set to 0.							
	Configurable after "Connect On Demand" was selected.							
Inactivity Time	This field specifies the idle time setting for GPRS/3G auto-disconnection and	0						
	trying to revert back to preferred SIM card.	0						
	0 means timeless.							
Serial Output Content	The content which output to the serial device which connect to router and	Null						
	inform it that router is ready to receive serial data.	Null						
Triggered by Serial Data	Tick this check box to allow router automatically connects to cellular	Enable						
	network from idle mode when there is data comes out from serial port.	LIIUDIC						
Triggered by Tel	Tick this check box to allow router automatically connects to cellular	Disable						
	network from idle mode when make a voice call to router.	Disable						
Triggered by SMS	Tick this check box to allow router automatically connects to cellular	Disable						
	network from idle mode when send a specific SMS to router.	Disable						
SMS Connect Command	Users shall send this specific SMS to trigger router to connect to cellular	Null						
	network.	- Num						
SMS Disconnect	Users shall send this specific SMS to trigger router to disconnect to cellular	Null						
Command	network.							
SMS Connect Renly	When router connects to cellular network, it will automatically send out this	Null						
	SMS to specific users (set in the Phone Group).							
SMS Disconnect Renly	When router disconnect from cellular network, it will automatically send out	Null						
Sind Disconnect heply	this SMS to specific users (set in the Phone Group).							
Phone Group	Click to add Phone Group to Set specific users' phone Book and which	Null						
	phone Group they are belonged to.							

i.

Triggered by IO	Tick this check box to allow router automatically connects to cellular network from idle mode when there is a DI (DI_1) alarm input.	Disable
Periodically Connect	Tick this check box to allow router automatically connects to cellular network with preset interval which you preset in <i>Periodically Connect Interval</i> .	Enable
Periodically Connect Interval	Periodically Connect Interval for Periodically Connect.	300
Time Schedule	Select the Time Range to allow router automatically connects to cellular network during this time range.	NULL
Time Range	Adding the Time Range for Time Schedule. You can set the days of one week and at most three ranges of time of one day.	Null
	Dual SIM Policy	
Main SIM Card	Set the preferred SIM card from SIM 1, SIM 2 or Auto.	SIM1
Switch to backup SIM card when connection fails	Router will switch to another SIM card if main SIM card fail to connect to network.	Disable
Switch To Backup SIM Card When ICMP Detection Fails	Router will switch to another SIM card if it cannot dialup or ping the preset address timeout continuously for Max Retries time. Preset address is set in Configuration-> Link Management-> ICMP Detection Primary Server and ICMP Detection Secondary Server. <i>Important Note:</i> You need to fill in tab Configuration-> Link Management-> ICMP Detection Primary Server and ICMP Detection Secondary Server, and then this strategy can be activated.	Disable
Total Ping (5~100) @ Switch To Backup SIM Card When ICMP Detection Fails	Preset Max Retries time that Router ping the preset address/domain name.	10
Average Ping (100~5000ms) @ Switch To Backup SIM Card When ICMP Detection Fails	Route will count the "Average Ping" timeout interval after router ping the preset address/domain name for "Total Ping" times. After router detects that average ping timeout interval reach to preset "Average Ping" it will switch backup SIM card.	400
Total Loss (0~100%) @ Switch To Backup SIM Card When ICMP Detection Fails	Route will count the "Total Loss" after router ping the preset address/domain name for "Total Ping" times. After router detects that total loss packet reach to preset "Total Loss" it will switch backup SIM card.	30
Switch to backup SIM card when roaming is detected	Router will switch to backup SIM card when preferred SIM card is roaming.	Disable
Preferred PLMN	The identifier for Router to check if it is in home location area or in roaming area, and decide if it needs to switch back to preferred SIM card.	Null
Switch to backup SIM card when IO is active	Router will switch to another SIM card if it detect there is DI (DI_2) alarm input.	Disable

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Switch to backup SIM card when data limit is exceeded	If the SIM card that the router worked with currently has reached the data traffic limitation you preset, it will switch to the other SIM card.	Disable
When Both Data Limit Is Exceeded	Select from "Stay in Backup SIM Card", "Switch Back Main SIM Card" and "Disable Cellular Until Data Is Cleared".	Disable
Max Data limitation(MB)	Set the monthly data traffic limitation.	100
Date of Month to Clean	Set one day of month to restore the used data to 0.	1
Already used	This tab will show how many data traffic has been used.	0
Switch back Main SIM card after timeout(min)	Enable to Switch back Main SIM card after the Initial timeout.	Disable
Initial Timeout(min)	Set the initial timeout.	60

Note: This section will not be displayed if you select "EthO Only" in "Configuration"->"Link Management"->"WAN Link".

Basic Advance	ed ISP Profile	
Cellular Advanced Settings		
	SIM1	SIM2
Phone No.:		
Network Type:	Auto 🔽	Aut o 🔽
Band Mode:	ALL 🔽	ALL 💌
Authentication:	Aut o 💌	Aut o 💌
MTU:	1500	1500
MRU:	1500	1500
Asyncmap Value:	fffffff	fffffff
Use Peer DNS:	✓	
Primary DNS Server:		
Secondary DNS Server:		
Address/Control Compression:	✓	
Protocol Field Compression:	✓	
Expert Options:	noccp nobsdcomp	noccp nobsdcomp

	Advanced @Cellular WAN	
Item	Description	Default
Phone No.	Set the SIM card's phone number, and it will be showed in "Status"->"System"->"System"->"Cellular WAN Information"-"SIM Phone Number". In general, you don't need to set this number because router will read it from the SIM card automatically.	Null
Authentication	Select from "Auto", "PAP" and "CHAP" as the local ISP required.	Auto
MTU	Maximum Transmission Unit. It is the identifier of the maximum size of packet, which is possible to transfer in a given environment.	1500
MRU	Maximum Receiving Unit. It is the identifier of the maximum size of packet, which is possible to receive in a given environment.	1500
Asyncmap Value	One of the PPP initialization strings. In general, you don't need to modify this value.	1
Use Peer DNS	Enable to obtain the DNS server's address from the ISP.	Enable
Primary DNS Server	Set the primary DNS server's address. This item will be unavailable if you enable "Use Peer DNS".	Null
Secondary DNS Server	Set the secondary DNS server's address. This item will be unavailable if you enable "Use Peer DNS".	Null
Address/Control Compression	Used for PPP initialization. In general, you need to enable it as default.	Enable
Protocol Field Compression	Used for PPP initialization. In general, you need to enable it as default.	Enable
Expert Options	You can enter some other PPP initialization strings in this field. Each string can be separated by a space.	noccp nobsdcom p

ISP Profile

This section allow users to preset some ISP profiles which will be shown in the selection list of "Configuration"->"Cellular WAN"->"Network Provider Type".

Basic	Advanced	ISP Profi
-------	----------	-----------

ISP Pro	ofile List					
	ISP	APN	Username	Password	Dialup No.	
	china-mobile	3gnet			*99***1#	х
					Add	

	ISP Profile @Cellular WAN	
Item	Description	Default
ISP	Input the ISP's name which will be shown in the selection list of "Configuration"->"Cellular WAN"->"Network Provider Type".	Null
APN,Username, Password, Dialup No.	All these parameters were provided by the ISP.	Null

3.12 Configuration -> Ethernet

This section allows users to set the Ethernet WAN and LAN parameters of Eth0.

Eth0	Eth1	VLAN	Dhcp Relay	
Ethernet Interface	Гуре			
IAN	WA	N		

LAN Interface

🔲 Enable Bridge (As 2	Ports Switch)	
IP Address:		
NetMask:		
MTU:	1500	
Media Type:	Auto-negotiation	•

LAN Interface

🗹 Enable Bridge (As 2	Ports Switch)
IP Address:	192.168.0.1
NetMask:	255.255.255.0
MTU:	1500

Multiple	IP Address	
	IP Address	NetMask
	9	Add

DHCP Server	
🗹 Enable DHCP Server	
IP Pool Start:	192.168.0.2
IP Pool End:	192.168.0.100
NetMask:	255.255.255.0
Lease Time (min):	60
Primary DNS Server:	192.168.0.1
Secondary DNS Server:	
Windows Name Server:	192.168.0.1
Static Lease	
MAC Address	IP Address
*MAC: ff:ff:ff:ff:ff:ff	

Eth0@Ethernet		
Item	Description	Default
Ethernet Interface Type	Eth0 can work under two different kinds of mode: LAN and WAN.	LAN
Enable Bridge @ LAN	Enable to make Eth0 works under bridge mode with Eth1. Eth0 and	Frable
Interface	Eth1 will have the same IP address under this mode.	Enable
IP Address, Netmask,	Set the ID address Network MTH and Media Type of Etho. These	
MTU, Media Type@ LAN	set the IP address, Nethask, MTO and Media Type of Etho. These	Null
Interface	parameters will be un-comigurable if you enable bruge.	
Multiple IP Address @	Accign multiple ID addresses for Eth0	Null
LAN Interface	Assign multiple if addresses for Etho.	null
Enable DHCP Server @	Enable to make router can lease IP address to DHCP clients which	Dicable
DHCP Server	connect to Eth0.	Disable
IP Pool Start, IP Pool End	Define the beginning (IP Pool Start) and end (IP Pool End) of the pool	NUUL
@ DHCP Server	of IP addresses which will lease to DHCP clients.	INUII
Notmask @ DHCD Sorver	Define the Netmask which the DHCP clients will obtain from DHCP	NUU
Netillask @ DHCP Server	server.	INUII
Lease Time @ DHCP	Define the time which the client can use the IP address which	60
Server(min)	obtained from DHCP server.	00
Primary/Secondary DNS	Define the primary/secondary DNS Server which the DHCP clients will	NUU
Server @ DHCP Server	obtain from DHCP server.	INUII
Windows Name Server @	Define the WINS Server which the DHCP clients will obtain from DHCP	NUU
DHCP Server	server.	INUII
Static Lease @ DHCP	Define to lease static IP Addresses, which conform to MAC Address of	Null
Server	the connected equipment.	INUII

This section allows users to set the Ethernet WAN and LAN parameters of Eth1.

Eth0	Eth1	VLAN	Dhcp Relay
LAN Interface			
IP Address:	192.16	8.0.1	
NetMask:	255.25	5.255. <mark>0</mark>	
MTU:	1500		
Media Type:	Auto-n	egotiation 🔻	

Multiple IP Address		
	IP Address	NetMask
		Add

DHCP Server	
🗹 Enable DHCP Server	
IP Pool Start:	192.168.0.2
IP Pool End:	192.168.0.100
NetMask:	255.255.255.0
Lease Time (min):	60
Primary DNS Server:	192.168.0.1
Secondary DNS Server:	
Windows Name Server:	192.168.0.1
Static Lease	
MAC Address	IP Address
*MAC: ff:ff:ff:ff:ff:ff	Add
·MAC: II:II:II:II:II	Add

Eth1@Ethernet		
Item	Description	Default
IP Address, Netmask, MTU, Media Type @ LAN Interface	Set the IP address, Netmask, MTU and Media Type of Eth1. These parameters will be un-configurable if you enable Bridge.	Null
Multiple IP Address @ LAN Interface	Assign multiple IP addresses for Eth1.	Null
Enable DHCP Server @ DHCP Server	Enable to make router can lease IP address to DHCP clients which connect to Eth1.	Enable
IP Pool Start, IP Pool End @ DHCP Server	Define the beginning (IP Pool Start) and end (IP Pool End) of the pool of IP addresses which will lease to DHCP clients.	192.168.0.2/ 192.168.0.10 0
Netmask @ DHCP Server	Define the Netmask which the DHCP clients will obtain from DHCP server.	255.255.255. 0
Lease Time @ DHCP Server(min)	Define the time which the client can use the IP address which obtained from DHCP server.	60
Primary/Secondary DNS Server @ DHCP Server	Define the primary/secondary DNS Server which the DHCP clients will obtain from DHCP server.	192.168.0.1/ 0.0.0.0
Windows Name Server @ DHCP Server	Define the WINS Server which the DHCP clients will obtain from DHCP server.	192.168.0.1
Static Lease @ DHCP Server	Define to lease static IP Addresses, which conform to MAC Address of the connected equipment.	Null

Router can be DHCP Relay, which will provide a relay tunnel to solve problem that DHCP Client and DHCP Server is not in a same subnet. This section allow user to configure DHCP Relay settings.

Eth0	Eth1	VLAN	Dhcp Relay	
LANO VLAN Settings	;			
LAN0 VLAN E	nable			
LAN1 VLAN Settings	;			
LAN1 VLAN E	nable			

VLAN @ Ethernet		
Item	Description	Default
I AN 0/1 VI AN Enable	Enable to make router can encapsulate and de-encapsulate the VLAN	Disable
	tag.	DISable
VLAN ID@LAN 0/1 VLAN	Set the Tag ID of VI AN	Null
Enable	Set the Tag ID of VLAN	Null
ID Addross NotMask		VLAN 0/1's IP
P AUULESS, NELIVIASK	Set the IP address, Netmask of VLAN interface	address,
@LANU/I VLAN Settings		Netmask

Note: IP Address and NetMask will be hidden if user bridge two Ethernet ports.

Router can be DHCP Relay, which will provide a relay tunnel to solve problem that DHCP Client and DHCP Server is not in a same subnet. This section allow user to configure DHCP Relay settings.

Eth0 Eth1 VLAN	Dhcp Relay
----------------	------------

DhcpRelay Configuration	
Enable Dhcp Relay	

DHCP Relay@Ethernet		
Item	Description	Default
	Enter DHCP Server's IP address.	
DHCP Server	Note: Please disable DHCP Server and DHCP Client first to make sure	Null
	DHCP relay can be enabled.	

3.13 Configuration -> WiFi

This section allows users to set parameters of WiFi.

Basic	MAC Filter Status
WiFi Basic Settings	
🗵 Enable WiFi	
Mode:	AP v
Channel:	Auto 👻
SSID:	Router_AP
Hide SSID:	
Security Mode:	Open 🔻
WiFi Network Settin	ngs
*WiFi interface br	idged with eth1, network settings please refer to this page.

Note: when R3000 enable WiFi feature and works as AP mode

Basic	Status
WiFi Basic Settings	
🗷 Enable WiFi	
Mode:	Client v
Channel:	Auto 🔻
SSID:	Router_AP Scan
Hide SSID:	
Security Mode:	Open -
WiFi Network Settin	igs
IP Configuration:	DHCP Client 👻
🗵 Use Peer DNS	
Override DHCP	Server Values:
Netmask:	
Gateway:	

Note: when R3000 enable WiFi feature and works as Client mode

	Basic @ WiFi		
Item	Description Defa		
Enable WiFi	Click to enable WiFi feature.	Null	
Mode	This item will show "AP" and "Client", cannot be configured. AP: In a wireless local area network (WLAN), an access point is a station that transmits and receives data. When R3000 is wanted to work as "AP" mode, please go to tab "Configuration" -> "Link Management" -> "Primary Interface" to select "Cellular" or "Eth0" as WAN link. Client: When R3000 works as Client mode, it can be used as an Ethernet-to-wireless (or LAN-to-WLAN) network adaptor. For example, a notebook computer equipped with an Ethernet adaptor but no wireless card can be connected to the router with an Ethernet cable to provide wireless connectivity to another AP. When R3000 is wanted to work as "Client" mode, please go to tab "Configuration" -> "Link	Null	
Channel	Management" -> "Primary Interface" to select "WIFI" as WAN link. Select the frequency channel, which includes "Auto", "1", "2" "13". Auto: R3000 will scan all frequencies until it finds one with an available access point or wireless network it can join. 1~13: R3000 will be fixed to work with this channel.	Auto	
SSID	 SSID (service set identifier) is the network name of the WLAN. The SSID of a client and the SSID of the AP must be identical for the client and AP to be able to communicate with each other. When R3000 works as Client mode, enter SSID of the access point which R3000 want to connect. Input from 1 to 31 characters. 	Router_AP	
Hide SSID	When R3000 works as AP mode, after clicking this check box R3000 will not broadcast the SSID. Other wireless devices cannot discover this access point automatically. User need to enter the SSID manually to let their wireless devices join this access point. When R3000 works as Client mode and need to connect to any access point which has ensconced SSID, you need to enter this SSID manually in tab "SSID" and then click "Hide SSID".	Disable	

	Select from "Open", "WPA", "WPA2" and "WEP".		
	Open: No authentication. For security reasons, you should NOT set		
	security mode to Open System, since authentication and data		
	encryption are NOT performed in Open System mode.		
	WPA/WPA2: Personal versions of WPA/WPA2 (Wi-Fi Protected Access),		
	also known as WPA/WPA-PSK (Pre-Shared Key), provide a simple way of		
Security mode	encrypting a wireless connection for high confidentiality. WPA2 is a	Open	
	stronger security feature than WPA.		
	WEP: Wired Equivalent Privacy, provide encryption for wireless device's		
	data transmission.		
	<i>Note:</i> R3000 supports WPA/WPA2 Personal version, not enterprise		
	version.		
	Select from "TKIP" and "CCMP (AES)".		
	TKIP: Temporal Key Integrity Protocol (TKIP) encryption is used over the		
	wireless link. TKIP encryption can be used with WPA-PSK and WPA with		
Encryption	802.1x authentication.	CCMP (AES)	
	CCMP (AES): CCMP (AES) encryption is used over the wireless link.		
	CCMP can be used WPA-PSK and WPA with 802.1x authentication.		
	Note : CCMP (AES) is a stronger encryption algorithm than TKIP.		
	When R3000 works as AP mode, enter Master key to generate keys for		
	encryption. A Passphrase is used as a basis for encryption methods (or		
	cipher types) in a WLAN connection. The passphrases should be		
	complicated and as long as possible. For security reasons, this		
Passphrase	passphrase should only be disclosed to users who need it, and it should	Null	
	be changed regularly.		
	When R3000 works as Client mode, enter access point's passphrase		
	which it wants to connect to.		
	Input from 8 to 63 characters.		
Key Renewal Interval(s)	Enter the time period of group key renewal.	3600	
, .,	Note: Only for AP mode.		
	When R3000 works as AP mode, Click to link to page "Eth1" to check		
WiFi Network Settings	the network settings, WiFi interface bridged with eth1 this time.	Null	
	When R3000 works as Client mode, this item is used to do IP	P	
	configuration of access point.		
Basic	MAC Filter Status		
MAC Filter Settings			
Enable ACL:			
Mode:	Allow 👻		
Access Control List			
Index MAC Ac	ldress		

Add

Note: Available when R3000 enable WiFi feature and works as AP mode

Mac Filter @ WiFi (Only for AP mode)				
Enable ACL	Click to enable ACL (Access Control List). Disable			
	Select from "Allow" and "Deny".			
	Allow: Only the packets fitting the entities of the "Access Control List"			
	can be allowed.			
Mode	Deny: All the packets fitting the entities of the "Access Control List" will	Allow		
	be denied.			
	Note: R3000 can only allow or deny devices which are included in			
	"Access Control List" at one time.			
Access Control List	Click "Add" to add MAC address.	Null		

Basic	MAC Filter	Status
Status		
BSSID:	00:2	3:a7:40:12:58
SSID:	TP-Li	nk8888
Mode:	AP	
Key Managemen	t: WPA	2-PSK
Cipher Pairwise:	CCM	P
Cipher Group:	CCM	p
WPA State:	Com	pleted
Address:	00:2	3:a7:40:12:58
Associated Clients		
Index	BSSID IF	Address

Status @ WiFi				
BSSID	Show MAC address of R3000's WiFi interface or the access point which	Null		
	R3000 connects to.	null		
	Show SSID of R3000's WiFi interface or the access point which R3000	Null		
220	connects to.	null		
Mode	Show current mode of R3000: AP or Client.	Null		
Key Management	Show current security mode of R3000 or the access point which R3000	Null		
	connects to.			
Cipher Pairwise	Show current encryption algorithm of R3000 or the access point which	Null		
Cipher Group	R3000 connects to.	null		
	Show current WPA status. Mainly there are 5 statuses: Disconnected,			
	Scanning, Initializing, Associated, 4way_handshark, Completed.			
W/DA State	Disconnected: Not associated or connected with any access point,	NUI		
WPA Sidle	perhaps because the wireless device has not fully initialized, is out of	INUII		
	range, or the wireless interface is disconnected because the Ethernet			
	interface is enabled.			

	Scanning: Searching for a wireless network (access point) for	
	connection.	
	Initializing: R3000 is setting up initial wireless environment	
	Associated: This state is entered when the driver reports that	
	association has been successfully completed with an AP but still waiting	
	for authentication	
	Away, handshark: This state is entered when W/DA/W/DA2 4-W/ay	
	Handshake is started When Describeres do not match, it will show this	
	Handsnake is started. When Passphrase do not match, it will show this	
	status.	
	Completed: The wireless connection of R3000 and other wireless	
	devices are established.	
Address	Show the MAC address of R3000's WiFi interface.	Null
Associated Clients @ AP	Show current associated wireless client devices' BSSID and IP address.	Null
mode		
Scan Pocults @ Client	Show current scan results of any wireless network (access point), such	
mada	as SSID, Channel, Signal Level, Flags (the security mode and encryption	Null
mode	algorithm flags of access point).	

3.14 Configuration -> Serial

This section allows users to set the serial (RS232/RS485) parameters.

RS232	RS485
Serial Port Settings	
Baudrate:	115200
Data Bit:	8
Parity:	None
Stop Bit:	1
Flow Control:	None
Protocol Settings	
Protocol:	None

• When Select Protocol "Transparent":

Protocol Settings		
Protocol:	Transparent	
Mode:	TCP server 💌	
Local Port:	502	
Show Protocol Advanced		
Interval Timeout (1*10ms):	10	
Packet Length:	1360	
Enable Delimiter1		
Delimiter1 (Hex):	0	
Enable Delimiter2		
Delimiter2 (Hex):	0	
Delimiter Process:	Strip -	

• When Select Protocol "Modbus":

Protocol Settings		
Protocol:	Modbus 💌	
Local Port:	0	
Attached serial device type:	Modbus RTU master	~
Modbus Slave		
Slave Address	Slave Port	ID
*ID:<1-247> or <1-247>	-<1-247>	Add

• When Select Protocol "Transparent Over Rlink":

Protocol Settings		
Protocol:	Transparent Over Rlink 🔻	
Interval Timeout (1*10ms):	10	

• When Select Protocol "Modbus Over Rlink":

Protocol Settings	
Protocol:	Modbus Over Rlink
Attached serial device type:	Modbus RTU slave 💌

• When Select Protocol "AT Over COM":

Protocol Settings				
Protocol:	AT Over COM 🛩			
🗹 Display all com (Note enable	e this function will disable cellular WAN.)			
COM Name:	/dev/ttyS1 💌			

• When Select Protocol "GPS Report":

Protocol Settings

Protocol:

×

GPS Report

RS232 @ Serial				
Item	Description	Default		
Baud-rate	Select from "300", "600", "1200", "2400", "4800", "9600", "19200", "38400", "57600", "115200"and "230400".			
Data bit	Select from "7" and "8".			
Parity	Select from "None", "Odd" and "Even".			
Stop bit	Select from "1" and "2".	1		
Flow control	Select from "None", "Software" and "Hardware".	None		
Protocol	 Select from "None", "Transparent", "Modbus", "Transparent Over Rlink", "Modbus Over Rlink" "AT Over COM" and "GPS Report". None: Router will do nothing in RS232 serial port. Transparent: Router will transmit the serial data transparently without any protocols. Modbus: Router will translate the Modbus RTU data to Modbus TCP data and vice versa. Transparent Over Rlink: Router will send all data from RS232 serial port to Robustlink, then Robustlink will forward the data to another destination site. Modbus Over Rlink: Router will translate all data from RS232 serial port to Modbus TCP protocol data, and then send to Robustlink, after that Robustlink will forward the data to another destination site. AT Over COM: select to operate router via RS232 COM port. For example, enter AT commands to router via RS232 COM port. GPS Report: select to enable router to output GPS status data through RS232 port. 	None		
Mode @TransparentSelect from "TCP Server", "TCP Client" and "UDP". TCP Client: Router works as TCP client, initiate TCP connection to TCP server. Server address supports both IP and domain name. TCP Server: Router works as TCP server, listening for connection request from TCP client. UDP: Router works as UDP client.		TCP Client		
Local Port @Transparent	Enter the Local port for TCP or UDP.	0		
Multiple Server @Transparent	Click "Add" button to add multiple server. You need to enter the server's IP and port, and enable or disable "Send data to serial". If you disable "Send data to serial", router will not transmit the data from this server to serial port. Note: This section will not be displayed if you select "TCP server" in "Mode". Tick to enable protocol advanced setting	None		
Show Protocol	Tick to enable protocol advanced setting.	Disable		

Advanced @		
Transparent		
Local IP @ Transparent	This item will show up when you enable any VPN tunnel of R3000, it means serial data can be matched to this local IP address and be transmitted or received via VPN tunnel. Note : when you do not enable any VPN tunnel, this item will not show up.	Null
Interval Timeout @Transparent	The serial port will queue the data in the buffer and send the data to the Cellular WAN/Ethernet WAN when it reaches the Interval Timeout in the field. Note : Data will also be sent as specified by the packet length or delimiter settings even when data is not reaching the interval timeout in the field.	10
Packet Length @Transparent	The Packet length setting refers to the maximum amount of data that is allowed to accumulate in the serial port buffer before sending. 0 for packet length, no maximum amount is specified and data in the buffer will be sent as specified by the interval timeout or delimiter settings or when the buffer is full. When a packet length between 1 and 1024 bytes is specified, data in the buffer will be sent as soon it reaches the specified length. Note : Data will also be sent as specified by the interval timeout or delimiter settings even when data is not reaching the preset packet length.	1360
Enable Delimiter1/2	When Delimiter 1 is enabled, the serial port will queue the data in the buffer and send the data to the Cellular WAN/Ethernet WAN when a specific character, entered in hex format, is received. A second delimiter character may be enabled and specified in the Delimiter 2 field, so that both characters act as the delimiter to control when data should be sent.	Disable
Delimiter1/2 (Hex) @Transparent	Enter the delimiter in Hex.	0
Delimiter Process @Transparent	The Delimiter process field determines how the data is handled when a delimiter is received. None: Data in the buffer will be transmitted when the delimiter is received; the data also includes the delimiter characters. Strip: Data in the buffer is first stripped of the delimiter before being transmitted.	Strip
Local IP @ Modbus	This item will show up When you enable any VPN tunnel of R3000, it means serial data can be matched to this local IP address and be transmitted or received via VPN tunnel. Note : when you do not enable any VPN tunnel, this item will not show up.	0
Local Port @ Modbus	Enter the Local port for Modbus.	0
Attached serial device type @Modbus	Select From "Modbus RTU slave", "Modbus ASC II slave", "Modbus RTU master" and "Modbus ASC II master". Modbus RTU slave: router connects to Modbus slave device which works under Modbus RTU protocol. Modbus ASC II slave: router connects to Modbus slave device which works under Modbus ASC II protocol.	Modbus RTU slave

Note : When select "Modbus RTU slave" and "Modbus ASC II slave" p		
	router is as TCP Server site, user need to enter a local port number in "Local	
	Port @Modbus" and wait to be connected.	
	Modbus RTU master: router connects to master device which works under	
	Modbus RTU protocol.	
	Modbus ASC ${ m II}~$ master: router connects to master device which works under	
	Modbus ASC II protocol.	
	<i>Note:</i> When select "Modbus RTU master" and "Modbus ASC II master"	
	protocol, router is as TCP Client site, user need to enter slave address and slave	
	port number in "Slave Address @ Modbus Slave " and "Slave Port @ Modbus	
	Slave", and connect to Server site.	
Madhus Slava	Add the Modbus slaves which will be polled by Modbus master (router). This	
Nodbus	section only displayed when you select "Modbus RTU master" or "Modbus	Null
Canadana	ASC II master" in "Attached serial device type".	
Slave Address @	This connection is usually used to connect to the Modbus slave devices which	NLUI
Modbus Slave	as TCP server. Enter IP address of the TCP server.	NUII
Slave Port @	Enter the next much an of TCD common	NLUI
Modbus Slave	Enter the port number of ICP server.	NUII
ID @ Modbus Slave	Enter the ID number of TCP server.	Null
Interval Timeout @	The seriel next will aways the date in the buffer and send the date to the	
Transparent Over	The serial port will queue the data in the burler and send the data to the	10
Rlink	Cellular WAN/Ethernet WAN when it reaches the interval timeout in the field.	
TAILUN		
	Select From "Modbus RTU slave", "Modbus ASC II slave".	
Attached serial	Select From "Modbus RTU slave", "Modbus ASC II slave". Modbus RTU slave: router connects to slave device which works under	
Attached serial device type @	Select From "Modbus RTU slave", "Modbus ASC II slave". Modbus RTU slave: router connects to slave device which works under Modbus RTU protocol.	Null
Attached serial device type @ Modbus Over Rlink	Select From "Modbus RTU slave", "Modbus ASC II slave". Modbus RTU slave: router connects to slave device which works under Modbus RTU protocol. Modbus ASC II slave: router connects to slave device which works under	Null
Attached serial device type @ Modbus Over Rlink	Select From "Modbus RTU slave", "Modbus ASC II slave". Modbus RTU slave: router connects to slave device which works under Modbus RTU protocol. Modbus ASC II slave: router connects to slave device which works under Modbus ASC II protocol.	Null
Attached serial device type @ Modbus Over Rlink	Select From "Modbus RTU slave", "Modbus ASC II slave". Modbus RTU slave: router connects to slave device which works under Modbus RTU protocol. Modbus ASC II slave: router connects to slave device which works under Modbus ASC II protocol. Enable to display all virtual com of the module inside the router. Generally,	Null
Attached serial device type @ Modbus Over Rlink Display all com @ AT	Select From "Modbus RTU slave", "Modbus ASC II slave". Modbus RTU slave: router connects to slave device which works under Modbus RTU protocol. Modbus ASC II slave: router connects to slave device which works under Modbus ASC II protocol. Enable to display all virtual com of the module inside the router. Generally, router will occupy /dev/ttyUSB0 and /dev/ttyUSB2 for dialing up to GPRS.	Null Disable
Attached serial device type @ Modbus Over Rlink Display all com @ AT Over COM	Select From "Modbus RTU slave", "Modbus ASC II slave". Modbus RTU slave: router connects to slave device which works under Modbus RTU protocol. Modbus ASC II slave: router connects to slave device which works under Modbus ASC II protocol. Enable to display all virtual com of the module inside the router. Generally, router will occupy /dev/ttyUSB0 and /dev/ttyUSB2 for dialing up to GPRS. Note : Enable this function will disable Cellular WAN function.	Null Disable
Attached serial device type @ Modbus Over Rlink Display all com @ AT Over COM	Select From "Modbus RTU slave", "Modbus ASC II slave". Modbus RTU slave: router connects to slave device which works under Modbus RTU protocol. Modbus ASC II slave: router connects to slave device which works under Modbus ASC II protocol. Enable to display all virtual com of the module inside the router. Generally, router will occupy /dev/ttyUSB0 and /dev/ttyUSB2 for dialing up to GPRS. Note: Enable this function will disable Cellular WAN function.	Null Disable /dev/ttyU

RS232

RS485

Serial Port Settings				
Baudrate:	115200 -			
Data Bit:	8 -			
Parity:	None 🔻			
Stop Bit:	1 -			
Protocol Settings				
Protocol:	None			

• When Select Protocol "Transparent":

Protocol Settin	gs		
Protocol:		Transparent	•
Mode:		TCP server 💌	
Local Port:		503	
Show Pr	otocol Advanced		
Interval Tim	eout (1*10ms):	10	
Packet Leng	jth:	1360	
🗵 Enable 🛛)elimiter1		
Delimiter1 (Hex):	0	
🗹 Enable 🛛)elimiter2		
Delimiter2 (Hex):	0	
Delimiter Pr	ocess:	Strip 💌	

• When Select Protocol "Modbus":

Protocol Settings			
	Protocol:	Modbus	•
	Local Port:	503	
	Attached serial device type:	Modbus RTU slave 🔻]

• When Select Protocol "Transparent Over Rlink":

Protocol Settings			
Protocol:	Transparent Over Rlink 💙		
Interval Timeout (1*10ms):	10		

• When Select Protocol "Modbus Over Rlink":

Protocol Settings			
Protocol:	Modbus Over Rlink		
Attached serial device type:	Modbus RTU slave 💌		

RS485 @ Serial			
Item	Description	Default	
Baud-rate Select from "300", "600", "1200", "2400", "4800", "9600", "19200", "38400", "57600", "115200"and "230400".		115200	
Data bit Select from "7" and "8".		8	
Parity Select from "None", "Odd" and "Even".		None	
Stop bit	Select from "1" and "2".	1	
Protocol	Select from "None", "Transparent" and "Modbus".	Transparent	

	Modbus: Router will transmit the serial data with Modbus protocol.	
Mode @Transparent	Select from "TCP Server", "TCP Client" and "UDP".	TCP Client
Local Port	Enter the Local part for TCD or LIDD	0
@Transparent	Enter the Local port for TCP or ODP.	0
	Click "Add" button to add multiple server. You need to enter the server's	
	IP and port, and enable or disable "Send data to serial". If you disable	
Multiple Server	"Send data to serial", router will not transmit the data from this server to	NI II
@Transparent	serial port.	NUII
	<i>Note:</i> This section will not be displayed if you select "TCP server" in	
	"Mode".	
Enable Protocol	Tick to enable protocol advanced actting	Disable
@Transparent	Tick to enable protocol advanced setting.	Disable
	This item will show up When you enable any VPN tunnel of R3000, it	
Local IP @	means serial data can be matched to this local IP address and be	0
Transparent	transmitted or received via VPN tunnel.	0
	<i>Note</i> : when you do not enable any VPN tunnel, this item will not show up.	
	The serial port will queue the data in the buffer and send the data to the	
Interval Time court	Cellular WAN/Ethernet WAN when it reaches the Interval Timeout in the	
	field.	10
@ fransparent	<i>Note</i> : Data will also be sent as specified by the packet length or delimiter	
	settings even when data is not reaching the interval timeout in the field.	
	The Packet length setting refers to the maximum amount of data that is	
	allowed to accumulate in the serial port buffer before sending. 0 for	
	packet length, no maximum amount is specified and data in the buffer	
	will be sent as specified by the interval timeout or delimiter settings or	
Packet Length	when the buffer is full. When a packet length between 1 and 1024 bytes	1200
@Transparent	is specified, data in the buffer will be sent as soon it reaches the specified	1360
	length.	
	<i>Note</i> : Data will also be sent as specified by the interval timeout or	
	delimiter settings even when data is not reaching the preset packet	
	length.	
	When Delimiter 1 is enabled, the serial port will queue the data in the	
	buffer and send the data to the Cellular WAN/Ethernet WAN when a	
Enable Delimiter1	specific character, entered in hex format, is received. A second delimiter	Disable
	character may be enabled and specified in the Delimiter 2 field, so that	
	both characters act as the delimiter to control when data should be sent.	
Delimiter1 (Hex) @	Fater the deliviten in the	0
Transparent	Enter the delimiter in Hex.	U
Delimiter Process @	The Delimiter process field determines how the data is handled when a	
Transparent	delimiter is received.	Strip
iransparent	None: Data in the buffer will be transmitted when the delimiter is	

	received; the data also includes the delimiter characters. Strip: Data in the buffer is first stripped of the delimiter before being transmitted.	
Local IP @ Modbus	This item will show up When you enable any VPN tunnel of R3000, it means serial data can be matched to this local IP address and be transmitted or received via VPN tunnel. <i>Note:</i> when you do not enable any VPN tunnel, this item will not show up.	
Local Port @ Modbus	Enter the Local port for Modbus.	0
Attached serial device type @ Modbus	Select From "Modbus RTU slave", "Modbus ASC II slave", "Modbus RTU master" and "Modbus ASC II master". Modbus RTU slave: router connects to slave device which works under Modbus ASC II slave: router connects to slave device which works under Modbus ASC II slave: router connects to slave device which works under Modbus ASC II protocol. Modbus RTU master: router connects to master device which works under Modbus RTU protocol. Modbus ASC II master: router connects to master device which works	
Modbus Slave @ Modbus	Modbus Slave @Add the Modbus slaves which will be polled by Modbus master (router).ModbusThis section only displayed when you select "Modbus RTU master" or "Modbus ASCII master" in "Attached serial device type".	
Slave Address @ Modbus Slave	This connection is usually used to connect to the Modbus slave devices which as TCP server. Enter IP address of the TCP server.	Null
Slave Port @ Modbus Slave	Enter the port number of TCP server.	Null
ID @ Modbus Slave	Enter the ID number of TCP server.	Null
Interval Timeout @ Transparent Over Rlink	Serial port will queue the data in buffer and then send it to the Cellular WAN/Ethernet WAN when it reaches the Interval Timeout in this field.	10
Attached serial device type @ Modbus Over Rlink	 Select From "Modbus RTU slave", "Modbus ASC II slave". Modbus RTU slave: router connects to slave device which works under Modbus RTU protocol. Modbus ASC II slave: router connects to slave device which works under Modbus ASC II protocol. 	Modbus RTU slave

3.15 Configuration -> DI/DO

This section allows users to set the DI/DO parameters.

DI DO			
DI_1 Configuration			
🗹 Enable DI			
Mode:	OFF 🔽		
Filtering (1*100ms):	1		
SMS Alarm			
Triggering Alarm	Recovering Alarm	Phone Group	
		Add	
DI_2 Configuration			
🗹 Enable DI			
Mode:	OFF 🔽		
Filtering (1*100ms):	1		
SMS Alarm			
Triggering Alarm	Recovering Alarm	Phone Group	
		Add	

DI @ DI/DO			
Item	Description	Default	
Enable DI	Click to Enable DI.	Disable	
	Select from "OFF", "ON", "EVENT_COUNTER".		
	OFF: Connect to GND (logic 0). When pin DI connects to GND, R3000 will		
Mada	detect there is a DI alarm input.		
woue	ON: Open from GND (logic 1). When pin DI does not connect to GND, R3000	UFF	
	will detect there is a DI alarm input.		
	EVENT_COUNTER: under event counter mode.		
Filtoring	Software filtering is used to control switch bounces.	1	
riiteriiig	Input from 0 to 10000ms.		
	Available when DI under Event Counter mode.		
Count Triggor	Input from 0 to 100. (0=will not trigger alarm)	0	
Count mgger	It will trigger alarm when counter reaches this figure. After triggering alarm,	0	
	DI will keep counting but not trigger alarm again.		
Counter Active	Available when DI under Event Counter mode.		
	Select from "Hi to Lo", "Lo to Hi".		
	In Event Counter mode, the channel accepts limit or proximity switches and		
	counts events according to the ON/OFF status. When "Lo to Hi" is selected,		

	the counter value increases when the attached switch is pushed. When "Hi	
	to Lo" is selected, the counter value increases when the switch is pushed and	
	released.	
	Available when DI under Event Counter mode.	
	Start counting as soon as possible on the modem when enable this option.	
Counter Start When Power On	When R3000 need to work under Event Counter mode, user shall enable	
	"Counter Start When Power On".	Disable
	If "Counter Start When Power On" is disabled, it will also start counting	
	when receiving SMS command. Refer to another document SMS command	
	of R3000.	
Triggering Alarm	The SMS to receive upon triggering alarm. (70 ASIC II char max)	Null
Recovering Alarm	The SMS to receive upon recovering alarm. (70 ASIC II char max)	Null
	The alarm SMS will send to specified phone group.	Null
Phone Group	Each phone group include up to 10 phone numbers.	
		•

DI DO

DO Configuration

Item	Description
DO_1	Enable:false;
DO_2	Enable:false;

DO Configuration			^
Enable			
Alarm Source:			
DI Alarm	SMS Control	Call Control	
DO Action:			
Alarm On Action:	on 💌		
Alarm Off Action:	on 💌		
Status When Power On:	on 🐱		
Keep On (s):	0]	

DO @ DI/DO			
Item	Description	Default	
Enable	Click to enable DO.	Disable	
Alarm Source	 Digital Output initiates according to different alarm source. Selected from "DI Alarm", "SMS Control", "Call Control", selections can be one or more. DI Alarm: Digital Output triggers the related action when there is alarm from Digital Input. SMS Control: Digital Output triggers the related action when receiving SMS from the number in the phone book. Call Control: Digital Output triggers the related action when receiving phone call 	Null	

	from the number in the phone book.	
	Digital Output initiates when there is an alarm.	
	Selected from "OFF", "ON", "Pulse".	
	OFF: Open from GND when triggered.	
Alarm On Action	ON: Short contact with GND when triggered.	UN
	Pulse: Generates a square wave as specified in the pulse mode parameters	
	when triggered.	
	Digital Output initiates when alarm recovered.	
	Selected from "OFF", "ON", "Pulse".	
Alarma Off Astion	OFF: Open from GND when triggered.	
Aldrin OII ACtion	ON: Short contact with GND when triggered.	UN
	Pulse: Generates a square wave as specified in the pulse mode parameters	
	when triggered.	
	Specify the Digital Output status when power on.	
Status When Power	Selected from "OFF", "ON".	0.1
On	OFF: Open from GND.	ON
	ON: Short contact with GND.	
	Available when digital output Alarm On Action/Alarm Off Action status is ON,	
Keep On (s)	input the Digital Output keep on status time.	0
	Input from 0 to 255 seconds. (0=keep on until the next action)	
	Available when enable Pulse in Alarm On Action/Alarm Off Action.	
Delay	The first pulse will be generated after a "Delay".	0
,	Input from 0 to 30000ms. (0=generate pulse without delay)	
	Available when enable Pulse in Alarm On Action/Alarm Off Action.	
	In Pulse Output mode, the selected digital output channel will generate a	
Low	square wave as specified in the pulse mode parameters. The low level widths	10
	are specified here.	
	Input from 1 to 30000 ms.	
	Available when enable Pulse in Alarm On Action/Alarm Off Action.	
	In Pulse Output mode, the selected digital output channel will generate a	
High	square wave as specified in the pulse mode parameters. The high level widths	10
J. J	are specified here.	
	Input from 1 to 30000 ms.	
	Available when enable Pulse in Alarm On Action/Alarm Off Action.	
Output	The number of pulses, input from 0 to 30000. (0 for continuous pulse output)	0
	Available when enable SMS Control in Alarm Source.	
SMS Content On	Input the SMS content to enable "Alarm On Action" by SMS (70 ASIC II char	Null
	max).	
	Available when enable SMS Control in Alarm Source.	
SMS Content Off	Input the SMS content to enable "Alarm Off Action" by SMS. (70 ASIC II char	Null
	max)	
SMS Content On	Input the SMS content, which will be sent after DO was triggered. (70 ASIC II	
Reply	char max).	Null
	· ·	

SMS Content Off	Input the SMS content, which will be sent after DO was recovered. (70 ASIC II	Null	
Reply	char max).		
Phone Group	Click to add phone groups.	Null	

Note: R3000-4L does not support SMS/Call function, so Call and SMS section will not be displayed on the web page.

3.16 Configuration -> USB

This section allows users to set the USB parameters.

Note: Users can insert a USB storage device, such as U disk and hard disk, into the router's USB interface. If there is configuration file or firmware of R3000 inside the USB storage devices, R3000 will automatically update the configuration file or firmware. We will provide another file to show how to do USB automatic update.

USB

USB Configuration

- Enable automatic update of configuration
- Enable automatic update of firmware

USB			
Item	Description	Default	
Enable automatic update	Click Enable to automatically update the configuration file of R3000 when	n Disable	
of configuration	insert the USB storage devices which has R3000's configuration file.		
Enable automatic update	Click Enable to automatically update the firmware of R3000 when insert the	sert the Dischla	
of firmware	USB storage devices which has R3000's firmware.	Disable	

3.17 Configuration -> GPS

This section allows users to set the GPS setting parameters.

GPS Setting GPS Sta	ntus Map
Enable GPS	
Enable GPS	
GPS Basic Setting	
Report To RS232	
RS232 Report Type:	NMEA GGA+VTG 👻
RS232 Report Interval(s):	1
GNSS Type:	GPS 🖵
GPS Server Setting	
Index	Server Name
	Add

GPS Server		<u> </u>
🗹 Enable		
Report Type:	NMEA GGA+VTG 🛛 😪	
Report Interval:	0	
Socket Type:	TCP Server 🔽	
Local Port:	0	
		~
	Apply	Close
	Apply	Close

GPS Setting @ GPS			
Item	Description	Default	
Enable GPS	Click to enable GPS function.	Disable	
Report To RS232	Click to enable GPS report to RS232 serial port of router.	Disable	
	Select from "NMEA GGA+VTG", "NMEA GGA+VTG+RMC" and "NMEA RMC".		
RS232 Report Type	Good and Ground Speed (VTG) . NMEA GGA+VTG+RMC: Global Positioning System Fix Data (GGA) + Track Made Good and Ground Speed (VTG) + Recommended Minimum Specific GPS/TRANSIT Data (RMC) . NMEA RMC: Recommended Minimum Specific GPS/TRANSIT Data(RMC)	NMEA GGA+VTG	
RS232 Report Interval	Set the interval to report GPS status to RS232 serial port of router.	1	
GNSS Type	Global Navigation Satellite System Type: GPS: Global Position System.	GPS	
Index @ GPS Server Setting	Show the index of GPS Server.	Null	
Server Name @ GPS Server Setting	Show the type of GPS Server.	Null	
Add	Click "Add" to add GPS Server.		
Report Type	Select from "NMEA GGA+VTG", "NMEA GGA+VTG+RMC" and "NMEA RMC". NMEA GGA+VTG: Global Positioning System Fix Data (GGA) + Track Made Good and Ground Speed (VTG). NMEA GGA+VTG+RMC: Global Positioning System Fix Data (GGA) + Track Made Good and Ground Speed (VTG) + Recommended Minimum Specific GPS/TRANSIT Data (RMC). NMEA RMC: Recommended Minimum Specific GPS/TRANSIT Data(RMC).	NMEA GGA+VTG	
Report Interval	Set the interval to report GPS status to GPS Server.	0	
Socket Type	Select from "TCP Server", "TCP Client" and "UDP". TCP Client: Router works as TCP client, initiate TCP connection to TCP	TCP Server	

	server (GPS Server), the server address supports both IP and domain		
	name.		
	TCP Server: Router works as TCP server (GPS Server), listening for		
	connection request from TCP client.		
	UDP: Router works as UDP client.		
Local Port @ TCP Server	Set the local port number of TCP server.		
Server Address @ TCP			
Client	Set the Server address of TCP server.	nuli	
	Set the remote Port number of TCP server.		
Server Port @ TCP Client	<i>Note</i> : router supports up to 3 GPS servers, supports re-connect when the	0	
	TCP connection is down.		

This section allows users to check the GPS status.

GPS Setting	GPS Status	Мар
GPS Status		
GPS Status:	No Fix/I	nvalid
Last Fixed Time:		
Last Failed Time:		
Satellites In Use:	0	
Satellites In View:	1	
UTC:	2000-0	0-00 00:00:00
Latitude:	0.0000	00
Longitude:	0.0000	00
Altitude:	0.0000	00
Speed:	0.0000	ООКМН

GPS Status @ GPS					
Item	Description	Default			
GPS Status	 Show the GPS Status. GPS status includes: Not Installed, Disabled, No Fix/Invalid, Standalone GPS Fix, Differential GPS Fix. Not Installed: No GPS module inside. Disabled: GPS function is not enabled (not click "Enable GPS" in item "GPS Setting" yet). No Fix/Invalid: GPS function is enabled, but do not get GPS signal (User should put router outdoor to get stronger GPS signal). Standalone GPS Fix: Standalone GPS techniques is a mature, universal GPS positioning mode, only get position from satellite. Differential GPS Fix: Differential GPS techniques are used to enhance the quality of location data. It can be applied in real-time directly in the field or when post processing data in the office. 	Not Installed			

Last Eived Time	Null	
Last Fixed Time	Show the time that fouter located successfully at last time.	Null
Last Failed Time	Show the time that router located unsuccessfully at last time.	Null
Satellites In Use	Show how many satellites are in use.	0
Satellites In View	Show how many satellites are in view.	0
UTC	Show the UTC of satellites, which is world unified time, not local time.	Null
Latitude	Show the latitude status of router.	0.0
Longitude	Show the Longitude status of router.	0.0
Altitude	Show the Altitude status of router.	
Speed Show the movement speed of router.		

This section allows users to check the real time GPS status of router in the map.



3.18 Configuration -> NAT/DMZ

This section allows users to set the NAT/DMZ parameters.

Port Forwarding DMZ Virtual IP Mappi						
Port Forwardin	g					
Description	Remote IP	Arrives At Port	Is Forwarded to IP Address	Is Forwarded to Port	Protocol	
*Remote IP: 1.1.1.1, 1.1.1.0/24,1.1.1.1-2.2.2.2, 0.0.0.0 means any Add						
*Arrives At Port: <1-65535> or <1-65535>-<1-65535>						

Port Forwarding @ NAT/DMZ						
Item	Description					
Port Forwarding	Manually defining a rule in the router to send all data received on some					
	range of ports on the internet side to a port and IP address on the LAN side.	NUII				
Remote IP	Set the remote IP address. Nu					
Arrives At Port	The port of the internet side which you want to forward to LAN side.					
Is Forwarded to IP						
Address	The device's IP on the LAN side which you want to forward the data to.					
Is Forwarded to Port	The device's port on the LAN side which you want to forward the data to. Null					
Protocol	Select from "TCP", "UDP" or "TCP&UDP" which depends on the application. TCP					
Port Forwarding	DMZ Virtual IP Mappi					

Enable DMZ

Enable DMZ

DMZ Settings	
DMZ Host:	
Source Address:	
	*1.1.1.1", "1.1.1.0/24", "1.1.1.1-2.2.2.2", "0.0.0.0" means any

DMZ @ NAT/DMZ					
ltem	Description	Default			
DMZ	DMZ host is a host on the internal network that has all ports exposed, except				
	those ports otherwise forwarded.	nun			
Enable DMZ	Select to enable the DMZ function.	Enable			
DMZ Host	Enter the IP address of the DMZ host which on the internal network.	0.0.0.0			
Source Address	Set the address which can talk to the DMZ host. Null means for any addresses.	0.0.0.0			

Port Forwarding DMZ Virtual IP Mappi...

Virtual IP Mapping Setting					
Virtu	al IP for Router:				
Internal PC's IP Mapping List					
	Description	Virtual IP	Real IP		
			Add		

Virtual IP Mapping@ NAT/DMZ				
Item	Description	Default		
Virtual IP for Router	Virtual IP for Router Set a Virtual IP for router.			
Virtual IP @ Internal	Set a Virtual ID for the Internal DC			
PC's IP Mapping List	set a virtual ip for the internal PC.			
Real IP @ Internal PC's	The Internal DC's Deal ID, which is manning the DC's Virtual ID and to and			
IP Mapping List	The internal PC's Real IP, which is mapping the PC's virtual IP one-to-one.	NUII		

3.19 Configuration -> Firewall

This section allows users to set the firewall parameters.

Filter Basic Settings		
Remote Access Using HTTP		
Remote Access Using TELNET		
Remote Access Using SNMP		
Remote Access Using SSH2		
Remote Ping Request		
Enable DNS Masquerade		
Enable Console CLI		
Defend DoS Attack		

If you disable one of tabs: "Remote Access Using HTTP", "Remote Access Using TELNET", "Remote Access Using SNMP", "Remote Access Using SSH2" or "Remote Ping Request", it will pop up "Add Allow Access List" to allow you to preset specific user to access to WAN interface of R3000. For example, if you disable "Remote Ping Request" and add "Remote IP" then only these specific users can ping to WAN interface of R3000.

Basic	Filtering	MAC-Binding				
Filter Basic Settings	Filter Basic Settings					
Remote Acces	s Using HTTP					
Remote Acces	s Using TELNET					
Remote Acces	s Using SNMP					
Remote Acces	Remote Access Using SSH2					
Remote Ping	Remote Ping Request					
🗵 Enable DNS M	lasquerade					
🗵 Enable Conso	le CLI					
Defend DoS A	Defend DoS Attack					
Add Allow Access List						
De	scription	Remote IP				
*IP: 1.1.1	*IP: 1.1.1.1, 1.1.1.0/24, 1.1.1.1-2.2.2.2					
		Add				

Basic @ Firewall					
Item	Description	Default			
Remote Access Using	Enable to allow users to access the router remotely on the internet side via	Enable			
HTTP	HTTP.	Ellaple			
Remote Access Using	Enable to allow users to access the router remotely on the internet side via	Enable			
TELNET	Telnet.	Ellaple			
Remote Access Using	Enable to allow users to access the router remotely on the internet side via	Enablo			
SNMP	SNMP.	Enable			

Remote Access Using	Enable to allow users to access the router remotely on the internet side via	Enable
SSH2	SSH2.	LIIADIC
Remote Ping Request	Enable to make router reply the Ping requests from the internet side.	Enable
Enable DNS	Open the 53 port of the router, enable users to use the DNS function of the	Enable
Masquerade	router.	Епаріе
Enable Console CLI	Enable to configurate router through Command Line Interface.	Enable
Defend Dec Attack	Enable to defend dos attack. Dos attack is an attempt to make a machine or	
Delend Dos Allack	network resource unavailable to its intended users.	

Basic

Filtering

Drop

MAC-Binding

Default Filter Policy

Accept

Add Filter I	list					
Action	Description	Source IP	Source Port	Target IP Address	Target Port	Protocol
*IP: 1.1.1.1, 1.1.1.0/24,1.1.1.1-2.2.2.2, 0.0.0.0 means any						Add
*Port: <1-6	55535> or <1-655	35>-<1-65535>				

Blocking By URL Address

Description	URL
	Add

Blocking By Keywork

Description	Keywork
	Add

Filtering @ Firewall					
Item	Description	Default			
	Select from "Accept" and "Drop".				
	Accept: Router will accept all the connecting requests except the hosts which fit				
Default Filter Policy	the filter list.	Accept			
	Drop: Router will only reject the connecting requests from the hosts which fit				
	the filter list.				
Add Filter List	Click "Add" to add a filter list.	Null			
	Select from "Accept" and "Drop".				
Action @Add Eiltor	Accept: Router will reject all the connecting requests except the hosts which fit				
List	this filter rule.	Accept			
LISU	Drop: Router will only accept the connecting requests from the hosts which fit				
	this filter rule.				
Source IP @ Add	Defines if access is allowed from one or a range of IP addresses which are	Null			
Filter List defined by Source IP Address, or every IP addresses.		Null			
Source Port@ Add	Defines if access is allowed from one or a range of port which is defined by	Null			
Filter List	Source Port.	Null			
Target IP Address @	Defines if access is allowed to one or a range of IP addresses which are defined	Null			

		-
Add Filter List	by Target IP Address, or every IP addresses.	
Target Port @ Add	Defines if access is allowed to one or a range of port which is defined by Target	NULL
Filter List	Port.	NUII
Drotocol @ Add	Select from "TCP", "UDP", "TCP&UDP", "ICMP" or "ALL".	
Filter List	If you don't know what kinds of protocol of your application, we recommend	ТСР
Filler List	you select "ALL".	
Blocking By URL	Click "Add" to odd o UDL list	NULL
Address		NUII
URL@ Blocking By	Plack the access according to the UPL address that filled in the blank	NUI
URL Address	Block the access according to the ORL address that filled in the blank.	NUII
Blocking By Keywork	Click "Add" to add a Keywork list.	Null
Keywork@ Blocking	Diach that a second is a to the Keywood, that filled is the block	
By Keywork	block the access according to the Reywork that filled in the blank.	NUII

Note: You can use "-"to define a range of IP addresses or ports, e.g. 1.1.1.1-2.2.2.2, 10000-12000. The priority of **Filter List** is higher than **Default Filter Policy**. Firewall policy would not take effect on the packet receive to R3000 itself, but only take effect on packet "pass through" the R3000.

Basi	ic Filterin	ng MAC-Bindin	9
MAC-IP Bir	nding List		
	Description	MAC Address	IP Address
	*MAC: ff:ff:ff:ff:ff		Add

Mac-Binding @ Firewall					
Item	Description	Default			
Mac-IP Bounding	The defined host (MAC) on the LAN side only can use the defined IP address to				
	communicate with router, or will be rejected.				
Mac Address	Enter the defined host's Mac Address.	Null			
IP Address	Enter the defined host's IP Address.	Null			

3.20 Configuration -> QoS

This section allows users to set the QoS parameters.

Qos						
Enable Quality Of Service(QoS)					
Enable QoS						
Quality of Service(Qos) Ba	sic Setting					
Downlink Speed (kbps):		0				
Uplink Speed (kbps):		0				
Optimize for TCP Flags:		SYN	C ACK	FIN	RST	
Optimize for ICMP:						
Optimize for Serial Data	Forwarding:					
Priority Percent Definitio	n:					
Exempt:		50				
Premium:		25				
Express:		15				
Normal:		10				
Bulk:		1				
Default Priority:		Normal 🔻				
Qos Ethernet Port Based Co	ontrol					
Enable Port Based Pr	iority					
Eth0 Priority:		Exempt 👻				
Eth1 Priority:		Exempt 👻				
QoS Service Control List						
Service Name	Protocol	Port	Priority			
			Add			
QoS MAC Control List						
MAC Address	Priority					
*MAC: ff:ff:ff:ff:ff:ff	Add					

QoS IP Control List

	- • •
IP Address	Priority
	Add

	QoS	
Item	Description	Default
Enable QoS	Click to enable "QoS" function.	Disable
Downlink Speed	Prescribe downlink speed of router.	0
(kbps)	<i>Note</i> : Default setting "0" means that there is no limitation of downlink speed.	0
uplink Speed (kbps)	Prescribe uplink speed of router. Note : Default setting"0" means that there is no limitation of uplink speed.	0
Optimize for TCP Flags	User can choose to enable TCP flags: "SYN", "ACK", "FIN", "RST", which means data with above TCP Flags will get the highest priority to occupy bandwidth. After enabled, router will enhance respond timeout of TCP control, in case that data resend frequently.	Disable
Optimize for ICMP	Enable to optimize for ICMP, which means ICMP will get the highest priority to occupy bandwidth. After enabled respond interval of PING control will be shorter. Note : if user click to enable "Optimize for TCP Flags", "Optimize for Serial Data Forwarding", and "Optimize for ICMP" at the same time (these three services are in the same priority level), router will automatically start Stochastic Fairness Queueing (SFQ) strategy to make a fair bandwidth allocation, in case of one service occupy all the bandwidth.	Disable
Optimize for Serial Data Forwarding	Enable to optimize for serial data forwarding, which means serial data forwarding will get the highest priority to occupy bandwidth. When enable serial data forwarding it need to enable local port number for controlling. Therefore, it needs to set local port number of router even if router is as TCP Client.	Disable
Priority Percent Definition	Define priority percent of "Exempt", "Premium", "Express", "Normal" and "Bulk"."Exempt" is defaulted as 50; "Premium" is defaulted as 25; "Express" is defaulted as 15; "Normal" is defaulted as 10; "Bulk" is 1.	
Default Priority	Select from "Exempt", "Premium", "Express", "Normal" and "Bulk". Users (Services) with no other pre-priority set will use this default priority. Exempt: this is the highest priority which guarantees that the minimum global rate of router is 50% of "Downlink Speed", and the maximum rate can reach to 100% of "Downlink Speed". Premium: guarantees that the minimum global rate of router is 25% of "Downlink Speed", and the maximum rate can reach to 100% of "Downlink Speed". Express: guarantees that the minimum global rate of router is 15% of "Downlink Speed", and the maximum rate can reach to 100% of "Downlink Speed". Normal: guarantees that the minimum global rate of router is 15% of "Downlink Speed", and the maximum rate can reach to 100% of "Downlink Speed". Normal: guarantees that the minimum global rate of router is 10% of "Downlink Speed", and the maximum rate can reach to 100% of "Downlink Speed". Bulk: guarantees that the minimum global rate of router is 1% of "Downlink Speed", and the maximum rate can reach to 100% of "Downlink Speed".	Normal
Enable Port Based Priority @ Qos Port Base Control	Click to enable Ethernet port base priority control.	Disable

Eth0 Priority @ Qos Port Base Control	Define Qos of Eth0 interface. Different slave device that connect to R3000's Eth0 interface will be assigned specific Qos.	Exempt
Eth1 Priority @ Qos Port Base Control	Define Qos of Eth1 interface. Different slave device that connect to R3000's Eth1 interface will be assigned specific Qos.	Exempt
MAC Address @ QoS MAC Control List	Enter MAC address of the user (for example, PC) who you want to set it with QoS Control. Router supports up to 20 users set with QoS MAC Control. Priority of QoS MAC Control is higher than that of QoS IP control.	Null
Priority @ QoS MAC Control List	Select from "Exempt", "Premium", "Express", "Normal" and "Bulk". Select the priority of the user (for example, PC) who you want to set it with QoS Control. Exempt: this is the highest priority which guarantees that the minimum global rate of router is 50% of "Downlink Speed", and the maximum rate can reach to 100% of "Downlink Speed". Premium: guarantees that the minimum global rate of router is 25% of "Downlink Speed", and the maximum rate can reach to 100% of "Downlink Speed". Express: guarantees that the minimum global rate of router is 15% of "Downlink Speed", and the maximum rate can reach to 100% of "Downlink Speed". Normal: guarantees that the minimum global rate of router is 15% of "Downlink Speed", and the maximum rate can reach to 100% of "Downlink Speed". Normal: guarantees that the minimum global rate of router is 10% of "Downlink Speed", and the maximum rate can reach to 100% of "Downlink Speed". Bulk: guarantees that the minimum global rate of router is 1% of "Downlink Speed", and the maximum rate can reach to 100% of "Downlink Speed".	Exempt
IP Address @ QoS IP Control List	Enter IP address of the user (for example, PC) who you want to set it with QoS Control. Router supports up to 20 users set with QoS IP Control. If want to control one network segment, user can set "IP Address" as format "x.x.x./24" or "x.x.x./255.255.255.0". For example, if we to control network segment "172.16. x.x", we can set "172.16.0.0/16" or "172.16.0.0/255.255.0.0" in "IP Address".	Null
Priority @ QoS IP Control List	Select from "Exempt", "Premium", "Express", "Normal" and "Bulk". Select the priority of the user (for example, PC) who you want to set it with QoS Control. Exempt: this is the highest priority which guarantees that the minimum global rate of router is 50% of "Downlink Speed", and the maximum rate can reach to 100% of "Downlink Speed". Premium: guarantees that the minimum global rate of router is 25% of "Downlink Speed", and the maximum rate can reach to 100% of "Downlink Speed". Express: guarantees that the minimum global rate of router is 15% of "Downlink Speed", and the maximum rate can reach to 100% of "Downlink Speed". Express: guarantees that the minimum global rate of router is 15% of "Downlink Speed", and the maximum rate can reach to 100% of "Downlink Speed". Normal: guarantees that the minimum global rate of router is 10% of "Downlink Speed", and the maximum rate can reach to 100% of "Downlink Speed". Normal: guarantees that the minimum global rate of router is 10% of "Downlink Speed", and the maximum rate can reach to 100% of "Downlink Speed". Bulk: guarantees that the minimum global rate of router is 10% of "Downlink Speed", and the maximum rate can reach to 100% of "Downlink Speed".	Exempt
Service Name @ QoS Service Control List	Set server name of the service that you want to set it with QoS Control. Router supports up to 20 users set with QoS Service Control. Priority of QoS Service Control is higher than that of both QoS IP control and QoS MAC control.	Null

ų

Protocol @ QoS	Select from "TCP", "UDP" and "TCP&UDP".		
Service Control List			
Port @ Service	Enter the port number of the service that you want to set it with OoS Control		
Control List	Enter the port number of the service that you want to set it with Qos control.		
	Select from "Exempt", "Premium", "Express", "Normal" and "Bulk".		
	Select the priority of the service that you want to set it with QoS Control.		
	Exempt: this is the highest priority which guarantees that the minimum global		
	rate of router is 50% of "Downlink Speed", and the maximum rate can reach to		
	100% of "Downlink Speed".		
Priority @ QoS	Premium: guarantees that the minimum global rate of router is 25% of "Downlink		
Service Control	Speed", and the maximum rate can reach to 100% of "Downlink Speed".	Exempt	
List	Express: guarantees that the minimum global rate of router is 15% of "Downlink		
	Speed", and the maximum rate can reach to 100% of "Downlink Speed".		
	Normal: guarantees that the minimum global rate of router is 10% of "Downlink		
	Speed", and the maximum rate can reach to 100% of "Downlink Speed".		
	Bulk: guarantees that the minimum global rate of router is 1% of "Downlink		
	Speed", and the maximum rate can reach to 100% of "Downlink Speed".		
Note: If services are in the same priority level, router will automatically start Stochastic Fairness Queueing (SFQ)			
strategy to make a fair bandwidth allocation.			

3.21 Configuration -> IP Routing

This section allows users to set the IP routing parameters.

Stati	c Route	RIP	OSPF	
Static R	oute Table			
	Interface	Destination	NetMask	Gateway
				Add

Static Route @ IP Routing				
Item	Description	Default		
Static Route Table	Allow users to add, delete or modify static route rules manually.	Null		
Interface	Select from "WAN", "LAN_0" or "LAN_1".	WAN		
Destination	Enter the destination host's IP address or destination network.	Null		
Netmask	Enter the Netmask of the destination or destination network.	Null		
Gateway	Enter the gateway's IP address of this static route rule. Router will forward all			
	the data which fit for the destination and Netmask to this gateway.	INUII		

Static Route	e RIP	OSPF		
RIPipv4 Enable	d			
🗹 Enable R	IP Protocol Setting			
RIP Protocol Ve	ersion			
RIPv1		RIPv2		
RIP Protocol co	mmon Settings			
Neighbor IP	:			
Update time	e(s):	30		
Timeout(s):		180		
Garbage(s):		120		
RIP protocol Ad	lvance Setting			
Enable Advance				
Network List				
Γ	Network Address	NetMask		
		Add)	

RIP @ IP Routing				
Item	Description	Default		
RIP	RIP (Routing Information Protocol) is a distance-vector routing protocol, which employs the hop count as a routing metric. RIP prevents routing loops by implementing a limit on the number of hops allowed in a path from the source to a destination.			
Enable RIP Protocol Setting	Tick to enable RIP function.	Disable		
RIP Protocol Version	Select from "RIPv1" and "RIPv2".	RIPv1		
Neighbor IP	If you input this neighbor IP, router will only send RIP request massage to this IP instead of broadcast. This item only needs to be set in some unicast network.	0.0.0.0		
Update times	Defines the interval between routing updates.	30		
Timeout	Timeout Defines the route aging time. If no update for a route is received after the aging time elapses, the metric of the route is set to 16 in the routing table.			
Garbage	Defines the interval from when the metric of a route becomes 16 to when it is deleted from the routing table. During the Garbage-Collect timer length, RIP advertises the route with the routing metric set to 16. If no update is announced for that route after the Garbage-Collect timer expires, the route will be deleted from the routing table.	120		
Enable Advance	Tick to enable RIP protocol Advance Setting.	Disable		
Default Metric	This value is used for redistributed routes.	1		
Distance	The first criterion that a router uses to determine which routing protocol to use if two protocols provide route information for the same destination.			
	Select from "None", "Eth0", "Eth1" and "Default".			
---------------------	---	---------		
	This command sets the specified interface to passive mode. On passive mode			
Dassivo	interface, all receiving packets are processed as normal and Rip info does not	Nono		
Passive	send either multicast or unicast RIP packets except to RIP neighbors specified	None		
	with neighbor command.			
	The default is to be passive on all interfaces.			
Enable Default	Enable to make router send the default route to the other routers which in	Disable		
Origination	the same IGP AS.	Disable		
Enable Redistribute	Dedictribute connected routes into the DID to blog	Disable		
Connect	Redistribute connected routes into the RIP tables.	Disable		
Enable Redistribute	Redictributes routing information from static route entries into the DID tables	Disable		
Static	Redistributes routing mormation from static route entries into the RIP tables.	Disable		
Enable Redistribute	Dedicte in the relation information from OCDE relate entries into the DID to blog	Disable		
OSPF	Redistributes routing mormation from OSPF route entries into the RIP tables.	Disable		
Network List	Router will only report the RIP information in this list to its neighbor.	Null		
Network Address	Enter the Network address which Eth0 or Eth 1 connects directly.	Null		
Netmask	Enter the Network's Netmask which Eth0 or Eth 1 connects directly.	Null		

Static Route

RIP

OSPF Protocol

Enable OSPFv2

	OSPF @ IP Routing	
Item	Description	Default
	OSPF (Open Shortest Path First) is a link-state routing protocol for IP networks.	
OSPF	It uses a link state routing algorithm and falls into the group of interior routing	Null
	protocols, operating within a single autonomous system (AS).	
Enable OSPFv2	Tick to enable OSPF function.	Disable

OSPF

3.22 Configuration -> DynDNS

This section allows users to set the DynDNS parameters.

DynDNS	
DynDNS Settings	
Enable DynDNS	5
Service Type:	DynDNS-Dynamic 🔻
Hostname:	
Username:	
Password:	
	Force Update
DynDNS Status: D	ynDNS is initializing

	DynDNS	
Item	Description	Default
	The Dynamic DNS function allows you to alias a dynamic IP address to a	
	static domain name, allowing users whose ISP does not assign them a	
	static IP address to use a domain name. This is especially useful for	
DupDNS	hosting servers via your connection, so that anyone wishing to connect	Null
Dynuns	to you may use your domain name, rather than having to use your	Null
	dynamic IP address, which changes from time to time. This dynamic IP	
	address is the WAN IP address of the router, which is assigned to you	
	by your ISP.	
Enable DynDNS	Tick to enable DynDNS function.	Disable
	Select the DDNS service from "DynDNS–Dynamic", "QDNS (3322)",	
Service Type	"NOIP" which you have established an account with. "Custom" could	Dynamic
	be used for linking custom DDNS server.	Dynamic
hoastmen	Enter the Host name the DDNS server provided.	Null
Username	Enter the user name the DDNS server provided.	Null
Password	Enter the password the DDNS server provided.	Null
URL	Enter the connection address of custom DDNS server.	Null
Force Update	Click to the update and use the DynDNS settings.	Null
DynDNS Status	Show current status of DynDNS	Null

3.23 Configuration -> IPSec

This section allows users to set the IPSec parameters.

IPsec Basic	IPsec Tunnel	X.509	
IPsec Basic			
Enable NAT Trav	versal		
Keepalive Interval(s): 30		
	1	IPSec Basic @ IPSec	
Item	Description		Default
Enable NAT Traversal	Tick to enable under NAT env	NAT Traversal for IPSec. This item must be enabled when router vironment.	Enable
Keenalive Interval	The interval th	at router sends keepalive packets to NAT box so that to avoid it to	30
	remove the NA	AT mapping.	30
IPsec Basic	IPsec Tunnel	X.509	
IPsec Tunnel			
Tunne	l name	Description	
		Add	
IPsec Common			
IPsec Gateway A	ddress:		
IPsec Mode:		Tunnel 💌	
IPsec Protocol:		ESP 💌	
Local Subnet:			
Local Subnet Mas	sk:		
Local ID Type:		Default 🔽	
Remote Subnet:			
Remote Subnet N	Mask:		
Remote ID Type:		Default 🗸	
IKE Parameter			
Negotiation Mode	е:	Main 💌	
Encryption Algori	thm:	AES256 💌	
Authentication Al	gorithm:	MD5 🔽	
DH Group:		MODP1024_2 💌	
Authentication:		PSK 💌	
Secrets:			
Life Time(s):		3600	

SA Parameter	
SA Algorithm:	3DES_MD5_96 T
PFS Group:	PFS_NULL V
Life Time(s):	3600
DPD Time Interval (s):	60
DPD Timeout (s):	180

30

5

3

IPsec Advanced

Enable Compress

Enable ICMP Detection

ICMP Detection Server:

ICMP Detection Local IP:

ICMP Detection Interval (s):

ICMP Detection Timeout (s):

ICMP Detection Retries:

	IPSec Tunnel @ IPSec	
Item	Description	Default
Add	Click Add to add new IPSec Tunnel	Null
Enable	Enable IPSec Tunnel, the max tunnel account is 3	Null
IPSec Gateway	Enter the address of remote side IDSee V/DN server	NUU
Address		INUII
	Select from "Tunnel" and "Transport".	
	Tunnel: Commonly used between gateways, or at an end-station to a	
	gateway, the gateway acting as a proxy for the hosts behind it.	
IPSec Mode	Transport: Used between end-stations or between an end-station and	Tunnel
	a gateway, if the gateway is being treated as a host—for example, an	
	encrypted Telnet session from a workstation to a router, in which the	
	router is the actual destination.	
	Select the security protocols from "ESP" and "AH".	
IPSec Protocol	ESP: Uses the ESP protocol.	ESP
	AH: Uses the AH protocol.	
Local Subnet	Enter IPSec Local Protected subnet's address.	0.0.0.0
Local Subnet Mask	Enter IPSec Local Protected subnet's mask.	0.0.0.0
	Select from "IP Address", "FQDN" and "User FQDN" for IKE	
	negotiation. "Default" stands for "IP Address".	
	IP Address: Uses an IP address as the ID in IKE negotiation.	
Local ID Type	FQDN: Uses an FQDN type as the ID in IKE negotiation. If this option is	Default
	selected, type a name without any at sign (@) for the local security	
	gateway, e.g., test.robustel.com.	
	User FQDN: Uses a user FQDN type as the ID in IKE negotiation. If this	

	option is selected, type a name string with an sign "@" for the local	
	security gateway, e.g., test@robustel.com.	
Remote Subnet	Enter IPSec Remote Protected subnet's address.	0.0.0.0
Remote Subnet Mask	Enter IPSec Remote Protected subnet's mask.	0.0.0.0
	Select from "IP Address", "FQDN" and "User FQDN" for IKE	
	negotiation.	
	IP Address: Uses an IP address as the ID in IKE negotiation.	
	FQDN: Uses an FQDN type as the ID in IKE negotiation. If this option is	
Remote ID Type	selected, type a name without any at sign (@) for the local security	Default
	gateway, e.g., test.robustel.com.	
	User FQDN: Uses a user FQDN type as the ID in IKE negotiation. If this	
	option is selected, type a name string with a sign "@" for the local	
	security gateway, e.g., test@robustel.com.	
	Select from "Main" and "aggressive" for the IKE negotiation mode in	
	phase 1. If the IP address of one end of an IPSec tunnel is obtained	
Negotiation Mode	dynamically, the IKE negotiation mode must be aggressive. In this	Main
	case, SAs can be established as long as the username and password	
	are correct.	
	Select from "DES", "3DES", "AES128", "AES192" and "AES256" to be	
	used in IKE negotiation.	
	DES: Uses the DES algorithm in CBC mode and 56-bit key.	
Encryption Algorithm	3DES: Uses the 3DES algorithm in CBC mode and 168-bit key.	3DES
	AES128: Uses the AES algorithm in CBC mode and 128-bit key.	
	AES192: Uses the AES algorithm in CBC mode and 192-bit key.	
	AES256: Uses the AES algorithm in CBC mode and 256-bit key.	
Authoritication	Select from "MD5" and "SHA1" to be used in IKE negotiation.	
Authentication	MD5: Uses HMAC-SHA1.	MD5
Algorithm	SHA1: Uses HMAC-MD5.	
	Select from "MODP768_1", "MODP1024_2" and "MODP1536_5" to be	
	used in key negotiation phase 1.	
DH Group	MODP768_1: Uses the 768-bit Diffie-Hellman group.	MODP1024_2
	MODP1024_2: Uses the 1024-bit Diffie-Hellman group.	
	MODP1536_5: Uses the 1536-bit Diffie-Hellman group.	
	Select from "PSK", "CA", "XAUTH Init PSK" and "XAUTH Init CA" to be	
	used in IKE negotiation.	
Authentication	PSK: Pre-shared Key.	PSK
	CA: Certification Authority.	
	XAUTH: Extended Authentication to AAA server.	
Secrets	Enter the Pre-shared Key.	Null
	Set the lifetime in IKE negotiation.	
Life Time @ IKE	Before an SA expires, IKE negotiates a new SA. As soon as the new SA	86400
Parameter	is set up, it takes effect immediately and the old one will be cleared	86400
	automatically when it expires.	

	Select from "DES_MD5_96", "DES_SHA1_96", "3DES_MD5_96",	
	"3DES_SHA1_96", "AES128_MD5_96", "AES128_SHA1_96",	
	"AES192_MD5_96", "AES192_ SHA1_96", "AES256_MD5_96" and	
	"AES256_ SHA1_96" when you select "ESP" in "Protocol";	
SA Algorithm	Select from "AH_MD5_96" and "AH_ SHA1_96" when you select "AH"	3DES_MD5_96
	in "Protocol";	
	<i>Note</i> : Higher security means more complex implementation and lower	
	speed. DES is enough to meet general requirements. Use 3DES when	
	high confidentiality and security are required.	
	Select from "PFS_NULL", "MODP768_1", "MODP1024_2" and	
	"MODP1536_5".	
	PFS_NULL: Disable PFS Group	
PFS Group	MODP768_1: Uses the 768-bit Diffie-Hellman group.	PFS_NULL
	MODP1024_2: Uses the 1024-bit Diffie-Hellman group.	
	MODP1536_5: Uses the 1536-bit Diffie-Hellman group.	
	Set the IPSec SA lifetime.	
Life Time @ SA	<i>Note</i> : When negotiating to set up IPSec SAs, IKE uses the smaller one	3600
Parameter	between the lifetime set locally and the lifetime proposed by the peer.	
	Set the interval after which DPD is triggered if no IPSec protected	
	packets is received from the peer.	
	DPD: Dead peer detection. DPD irregularly detects dead IKE peers.	
	When the local end sends an IPSec packet, DPD checks the time the	
	last IPSec packet was received from the peer. If the time exceeds the	
DPD Time Interval	DPD interval, it sends a DPD hello to the peer. If the local end receives	60
	no DPD acknowledgment within the DPD packet retransmission	
	interval, it retransmits the DPD hello. If the local end still receives no	
	DPD acknowledgment after having made the maximum number of	
	retransmission attempts, it considers the peer already dead, and	
	clears the IKE SA and the IPSec SAs based on the IKE SA.	
DPD Timeout	Set the timeout of DPD packets.	180
Enable Compress	Tick to enable compressing the inner headers of IP packets.	Disable
Enable ICMP Detection	Click to enable ICMP detection.	Disable
	Enter the IP address or domain name or remote server. Router will	
ICMP Detection Server	ping this address/domain name to check that if the current	Null
	connectivity is active.	
ICMP Detection Local		
IP	Set the local IP address.	Null
ICMP Detection		
Interval	Set the ping interval time.	30
ICMP Detection		_
Timeout	Set the ping timeout.	5
ICMP Detection	If Router ping the preset address/domain name time out continuously	2
Retries	for Max Retries time, it will try to re-establish the VPN tunnel.	3

1	(Psec Basic	IPs	sec Tunnel	X.	.509	
Aut	hentication N	lanage				
	Select Cert T	ype:	None	•		
Aut	hentication S	Status				
	Cert Type	Ca.crt	Remote.crt	Local.crt	Private.key	Crl.pem
	Tunnel_1					
	Tunnel_2					
	Tunnel_3					

	X.509 @ IPSec	
Item	Description	Default
Select Cert Type	Select the IPSec tunnel which the certification used for.	Null
	Click "Browse" to select the correct CA file from your PC, and then click	
CA	"Import" to import it to the router.	Null
	Click "Export" you can export the CA file from router to your PC.	
	Click "Browse" to select the correct Remote Public Key file from your PC, and	
Remote Public Key	then click "Import" to import it to the router.	Null
	Click "Export" you can export the Remote Public Key file from router to your PC.	
	Click "Browse" to select the correct Local Public Key file from your PC, and then	
Local Public Key	click "Import" to import it to the router.	Null
	Click "Export" you can export the Local Public Key file from router to your PC.	
	Click "Browse" to select the correct Local Private Key file from your PC, and	
Local Private Key	then click "Import" to import it to the router.	Null
	Click "Export" you can export the Local Private Key file from router to your PC.	
	Click "Browse" to select the correct CRL file from your PC, and then click	
CRL	"Import" to import it to the router.	Null
	Click "Export" you can export the CRL file from router to your PC.	
Authentication	Show overant status parameters of IDSec	NUUL
Status	Show current status parameters of iPSec.	NUI

3.24 Configuration -> Open VPN

This section allows users to set the Open VPN parameters.

Clien	t Servei	X.509	
Client			
	Tunnel name	Description	
			Add

Enable OpenVPN Client	
🗹 Enable	
Protocol:	UDP 💌
Remote IP Address:	
Port:	1194
Interface:	tun 💌
Authentication:	None
Local IP:	10.8.0.2
Remote IP:	10. 8. 0. 1
Enable NAT	
Ping Interval:	20
Ping-Restart:	120
Compression:	LZO 💌
Encryption:	BF-CBC
MTU:	1500
Max Frame Size:	1500
Verbose Level:	ERR 💌
Expert Options:	
	*xx xx.parameter.eg:config xx.config

Local Route

Subnet	Subnet Mask
	Add

Client @ Open VPN					
Item	Description	Default			
Enable	Enable OpenVPN Client, the max tunnel account is 3	Null			
Protocol	Select from "UDP" and "TCP Client" which depends on the application.	UDP			
Remote IP	Enter the remote ID address or domain name of remote side Open\/DN server				
Address	Enter the remote ip address of domain name of remote side OpenvpN server.	NUII			
Port	Enter the listening port of remote side OpenVPN server.	1194			

Interface	Select from "tun" and "tap" which are two different kinds of device interface for OpenVPN.					
	The difference between tun and tap device is this: a tun device is a virtual IP					
	point-to-point device and a tap device is a virtual Ethernet device.					
Authentication	Select from four different kinds of authentication ways: "Pre-shared",					
Addicition	"Username/Password", "X.509 cert" and "X.509 cert+user".					
Local IP	Define the local IP address of OpenVPN tunnel.	10.8.0.2				
Remote IP	Define the remote IP address of OpenVPN tunnel.	10.8.0.1				
Enable NAT	Tick to enable SNAT for OpenVPN. The source IP address of host Behind R3000	Disable				
	will be disguised before accessing the remote OpenVPN server.					
Ping Interval	Set ping interval to check if the tunnel is active.	20				
Ping -Restart	Restart to establish the OpenVPN tunnel if ping always timeout during this time.	120				
Compression	Select "LZO" to use the LZO compression library to compress the data stream.	LZO				
	Select from "NONE", "BF-CBC", "DES-CBC", "DES-EDE3-CBC", "AES-128-CBC",					
	"AES-192-CBC" and "AES-256-CBC".					
	BF-CBC: Uses the BF algorithm in CBC mode and 128-bit key.					
Frequetion	DES-CBC: Uses the DES algorithm in CBC mode and 64-bit key. DES-EDE3-CBC: Uses the 3DES algorithm in CBC mode and 192-bit key.					
Encryption						
	AES128-CBC: Uses the AES algorithm in CBC mode and 128-bit key.					
	AES192-CBC: Uses the AES algorithm in CBC mode and 192-bit key.					
	AES256-CBC: Uses the AES algorithm in CBC mode and 256-bit key.					
NATI I	Maximum Transmission Unit. It is the identifier of the maximum size of packet,	1500				
MITU	which is possible to transfer in a given environment.	1500				
Max Frame Size	Set the Max Frame Size for transmission.	1500				
	Select the log output level which from low to high: "ERR", "WARNING", "NOTICE"	500				
verbose Lever	and "DEBUG". The higher level will output more log information.					
	You can enter some other PPP initialization strings in this field. Each string can be	NUU				
Expert Options	separated by a space.					
Subnet&Subnet						
Mask@Local	Set the subnet and subnet Mask of local route.	Null				
Route						

Client

Server

X.509

Enable OpenVPN Server	
Enable OpenVPN Server	

C
Server X.509
er
Server
OpenV/DNL Tuppel, 1
OpenVPN_Tunnel_1
UDP V
1194
tun 🔻
None
10.8.0.1
10.8.0.2
20
120
LZO 🔻
BF-CBC V
1500
1500
EDD
*

Client Manage

Use	Common Name	Password	Client IP	Local Static Route	Remote Static Route	
						x
*Static Route: <1.1.1.0/24> or <1.1.1.0/24;2.2.2.2/16>						

Server @ Open VPN						
Item	Description	Default				
Enable OpenVPN	Enable OpenVPN					
Server		DISADIE				
Tunnel name	Name the OpenV/PN server tunnel	Tunnel_OpenVPN_				
		1				
	You can enter the IP address of cellular WAN, Ethernet WAN or					
Listen IP	Ethernet LAN. Null or 0.0.0.0 stands for using the active WAN link	0.0.0.0				
	currently-cellular WAN or Ethernet WAN.					
Protocol	Select from "UDP" and "TCP Client" which depends on the	מסוו				
	application.	ODF				
Port	Set the local listening port.	1194				

	Select from "tun" and "tap" which are two different kinds of device			
Interface	The difference between a two and ten device is this a two device is a	t		
Interface	The difference between a tun and tap device is this: a tun device is a virtual Therest	tun		
	device			
	Select from four different kinds of authentication wave: "Dre shared"			
Authentication	"Licorpamo/Dascword" "X EOO cort" and "X EOO cort+usor"	None		
	Define the local ID address of Open//DN tuppel	10 9 0 1		
LOCAL IP		10.8.0.1		
Remote IP	Define the remote iP address of OpenVPN tunnel.	10.8.0.2		
E L. NAT	Lick to enable SNAT for OpenVPN. The source IP address of host	District		
Enable NAI	Behind R3000 will be disguised before accessing the remote	Disable		
	OpenVPN client.			
Ping Interval	Set ping interval to check if the tunnel is active.	20		
Ping -Restart	Restart to establish the OpenVPN tunnel if ping always timeout	120		
	during this time.			
Compression	Select from "None"and"LZO", Select "LZO" to use the LZO	LZO		
	compression library to compress the data stream.			
	Select from "NONE", "BF-CBC", "DES-CBC", "DES-EDE3-CBC",			
	"AES128-CBC", "AES192-CBC" and "AES256-CBC".			
	BF-CBC: Uses the BF algorithm in CBC mode and 128-bit key.			
	DES-CBC: Uses the DES algorithm in CBC mode and 64-bit key.			
Encryption	DES-EDE3-CBC: Uses the 3DES algorithm in CBC mode and 192-bit	NONE		
	key.			
	AES128-CBC: Uses the AES algorithm in CBC mode and 128-bit key.			
	AES192-CBC: Uses the AES algorithm in CBC mode and 192-bit key.			
	AES256-CBC: Uses the AES algorithm in CBC mode and 256-bit key.			
NATU	Maximum Transmission Unit. It is the identifier of the maximum size	1500		
IVI I U	of packet, which is possible to transfer in a given environment.	1500		
Max Frame Size	Set the Max Frame Size for transmission.	1500		
	Select the log output level which from low to high: "ERR",			
Verbose Level	"WARNING", "NOTICE" and "DEBUG". The higher level will output	ERR		
	more log information.			
5	You can enter some other PPP initialization strings in this field. Each			
Expert Options	string can be separated by a space.	Null		
Enable HMAC				
Firewall @ VPN	In order to prevent malicious attacks, such as DOS, UDP port flooding,	Disable		
Server Advanced	we generate a "HMAC is firewall"			
	Generate a certificate revoked chain file, to prevent someone lost			
Enable Crl @ VPN	certificate in the future, users access VPN by illegal.			
Server Advanced	You could find the certificate tab of R3000. there is one option for	Disable		
	Crl.			
Enable Client to	Uncomment this directive to allow different clients to be able to			
Client @ VPN Server	"see" each other.	Disable		
		1		

Advanced	By default, clients will only see the server. To force clients to only see the server, you will also need to appropriately firewall the server's TUN/TAP interface.	
Enable Dup Client @ VPN Server Advanced	While establish OpenVPN with keys, must open this option, otherwise only allows one VPN connection with the same certificate.	Disable
Enable IP Persist @ VPN Server Advanced	Maintain a record of client <-> virtual IP address associations in this file. If OpenVPN goes down or is restarted, reconnecting clients can be assigned the same virtual IP address from the pool that was previously assigned.	Enable
Enable IP pool @ VPN Server Advanced	Define the range of virtual IP address.	Disable
IP Pool Start	Define start virtual IP address	10.8.0.5
IP Pool End	Define end virtual IP address	10.8.0.254
Client Manage	Click "Add" to add a OpenVPN client info which include "Common Name", "Password", "Client IP", "Local Static Route" and "Remote Static Route". This field only can be configured when you select "Username/Password" in "Authentication".	Null

Note: "VPN Server Advanced" will show up when you select "Authentication" type as "Username/Password", "X.509 cert" and "X.509 cert+user".

Client		Server	X.	509				
Authentication	Manag	e						
Select Cert	Type:	No	ne 🔻					
Authentication	Status							
Cert Type	CA	Public Key	Private K	DH	TA	CRL	PKCS12	Pre-Share
Server								
Client_1								
Client_2								

X.509 @ Open VPN					
Item	Description	Default			
Select Cert Type	Select the OpenVPN client or server which the certification used for.	Null			
	Click "Browse" to select the correct CA file from your PC, and then click				
CA	"Import" to import it to the router.				
	Click "Export" you can export the CA file from router to your PC.				
	Click "Browse" to select the correct Public Key file from your PC, and then click				
Public Key	"Import" to import it to the router.	Null			
	Click "Export" you can export the Public Key A file from router to your PC.				
Private Key	Click "Browse" to select the correct Private Key file from your PC, and then click	Null			

Client_3

		1
	"Import" to import it to the router.	
	Click "Export" you can export the Private Key file from router to your PC.	
	Click "Browse" to select the correct DH A file from your PC, and then click	
DH	"Import" to import it to the router.	Null
	Click "Export" you can export the DH file from router to your PC.	
	Click "Browse" to select the correct TA file from your PC, and then click	
ТА	"Import" to import it to the router.	Null
	Click "Export" you can export the TA file from router to your PC.	
	Click "Browse" to select the correct CRL file from your PC, and then click	
CRL	"Import" to import it to the router.	Null
	Click "Export" you can export the CRL file from router to your PC.	
	Click "Browse" to select the correct PKCS12file from your PC, and then click	
PKCS12	"Import" to import it to the router.	Null
	Click "Export" you can export the PKCS12file from router to your PC.	
	Click "Browse" to select the correct Pre-Share Static Key file from your PC, and	
Pre-Share	then click "Import" to import it to the router.	
	Click "Export" you can export the Pre-Share Static Key file from router to your	NUI
	PC.	

3.25 Configuration -> GRE

This section allows users to set the GRE parameters.

GRE	
Enable	
Remote IP Address:	
Local Virtual IP:	
Remote Virtual IP:	
Remote Subnet List	
Remote Subnet	Remote Subnet Mask
	Add
All traffic via this inte	rface
Enable NAT	
Secrets:	

GRE			
Item	Description	Default	
Add	Click "Add" to add a GRE tunnel.		
Enable	Click to enable GRE (Generic Routing Encapsulation). GRE is a protocol that encapsulates packets in order to route other protocols over IP networks.	Disable	

Remote IP Address	Set remote IP Address of the virtual GRE tunnel.	
Local Virtual IP	Set local IP Address of the virtual GRE tunnel.	Null
Remote virtual IP	Set remote IP Address of the virtual GRE tunnel.	Null
Remote Subnet @	Add a static route to the remote side's subnet so that the remote network is	
Remote Subnet List	known to the local network. The max count is 10.	
Remote Subnet Mask		
@ Remote Subnet	Set remote subnet net mask. The max count is 10.	Null
List		
All traffic via this	After click to enable this feature, all data traffic will be sent via GPE tunnel	Disable
interface	After click to enable this reactife, all data traffic will be sent via GRE turner.	
Enable NAT	Tick to enable SNAT for GRE. The source IP address of host Behind R3000 will be	
	lisguised before accessing the remote GRE server.	
Secrets	Set Tunnel Key of GRE.	Null

3.26 Configuration -> L2TP

This section allows users to set the L2TP parameters.

L2TP CI	ient L2TP Sei	rver
L2TP Client	t	
	Tunnel name	Description
		Add
L2TP Clie	nt	
🗷 Ena	ble	
Remote	e IP Address:	
Userna	ame:	admin
Passw	ord:	
Authen	tication:	Auto 🔻
Remote	e Subnet:	
Remote	e Subnet Mask:	
🗆 Ena	ble NAT	
🔲 All t	raffic via this interfac	e
🔲 Ena	ble Tunnel Authentic	ation
🔲 Sho	w Advanced	

Port:	1701
Local IP:	
Remote IP:	
Address/Control Compression	on
Protocol Field Compression	
Asyncmap Value:	fffffff
MRU:	1500
MTU:	1436
Link Detection Interval (s):	30
Link Detection Max Retries:	5
Expert Options:	noccp nobsdcomp

L2TP Client @ L2TP				
Item	Description	Default		
Add	Click "Add" to add a L2TP client. You can add at most 3 L2TP clients.			
Remote IP Address	Enter your L2TP server's public IP or domain name.	Null		
Username	Enter the username which was provided by your L2TP server.	Null		
Password	Enter the password which was provided by your L2TP server.	Null		
Authentication	Select from "Auto", "PAP", "CHAP", "MS-CHAP v1" and "MS-CHAP v2". You need to select the corresponding authentication method based on the server's authentication method. When you select "Auto", router will auto select the correct method based on server.	Disable		
Remote Subnet	Enter L2TP remote Protected subnet's address.	Null		
Remote Subnet Mask	Enter L2TPremote Protected subnet's mask.	Null		
Enable NAT	Click to enable NAT feature of L2TP. The source IP address of host Behind R3000 will be disguised before accessing the remote L2TP server.	Disable		
All traffic via this interface	After click to enable this feature, all data traffic will be sent via L2TP tunnel.	Disable		
Enable Tunnel Authentication	Tick to enable tunnel authentication and enter the tunnel secret which provided by L2TP server.	Disable		
Tunnel Secret	Enter L2TP tunnel secret in this item.	Null		
Show Advanced	Tick to enable the L2TP client advanced setting.	Disable		
Port	Set the Port number of the L2TP client.	Null		
Local IP	Set the IP address of the L2TP client. You can enter the IP which assigned by L2TP server. Null means L2TP client will obtain an IP address automatically from L2TP server's IP pool.	Null		
Remote IP	Enter the remote peer's private IP address or remote subnet's gateways address.	Null		
Address/Control	Used for PPP initialization. In general, you need to enable it as default.	Enable		

Compression		
Protocol Field Compression	Used for PPP initialization. In general, you need to enable it as default.	Enable
Asyncmap Value	One of the L2TP initialization strings. In general, you don't need to modify this value.	
MRU	Maximum Receiving Unit. It is the identifier of the maximum size of packet, which is possible to receive in a given environment.	
MTU Maximum Transmission Unit. It is the identifier of the maximum size of packet, which is possible to transfer in a given environment.		1436
Link Detection Interval	Specify the interval between L2TP client and server. To check the connectivity of a tunnel, the client and server regularly send PPP Echo to each other. If the client or server receives no response from the peer within a specified period of time, it retransmits the PPP echo. If it receives no response from the peer after transmitting the PPP echo for max retries times, it considers that the L2TP tunnel is down and tries tore-establish a tunnel with the peer.	30
Link Detection Max Retries	Specify the max retries times for L2TP link detection.	5
Expert Options You can enter some other PPP initialization strings in this field. Each string can be separated by a space.		noccp nobsdcomp

L2TP Client L2TP Server

Enable L2TP Server

Enable L2TP Server

L2TP Common Settings	
Username:	
Password:	
Authentication:	CHAP 🔻
Enable Tunnel Auther	entication
Local IP:	10.0.0.1
IP Pool Start:	10.0.0.2
IP Pool End:	10.0.0.100

L2TP Server Advanced						
Show L2TP Server Advance	d					
Address/Control Compress	Address/Control Compression					
Protocol Field Compression						
Port	1701]				
Asyncmap Value:	fffffff					
MRU:	1500					
MTU:	1436					
Link Detection Interval (s):	30					
Link Detection Max Retries:	5					
Expert Options:	nodeflate nobsdcomp n	ovj novjecomp nocep				
Route Table List						
Client ID	Bomoto Subpot	Remote Subpet Mack				

Client IP	Remote Subnet	Remote Subnet Mask
*0.0.0.0″ means any		Add

L2TP Server @ L2TP				
Item	Description	Default		
Enable L2TP Server	Tick to enable L2TP server.	Disable		
Username	Set the username which will assign to L2TP client.	Null		
Password	Set the password which will assign to L2TP client.	Null		
	Select from "PAP", "CHAP", "MS-CHAP v1" and "MS-CHAP v2".			
Authentication	L2TP client need to select the same authentication method based on this	СНАР		
	server's authentication method.			
Enable Tunnel	Tick to enable tunnel authentication and enter the tunnel secret which will	Disable		
Authentication	provide to L2TP client.	DISADIE		
Local IP	Set the IP address of L2TP server.	10.0.0.1		
IP Pool Start	Set the IP pool start IP address which will assign to the L2TP clients.	10.0.0.2		
IP Pool End	Set the IP pool end IP address which will assign to the L2TP clients.	10.0.0.100		
Show L2TP Server	Tick to show the LOTD comion only an and patting	Disable		
Advanced	Tick to show the L2TP server advanced setting.	Disable		
Address/Control	Light for DDD initialization in general you need to enable it as default	Frable		
Compression	Osed for PPP Initialization. In general, you need to enable it as default.	Enable		
Protocol Field	Light for DDD initialization in general you need to enable it as default	Frable		
Compression	Used for PPP initialization. In general, you need to enable it as default.	Enable		
Port	Set the Port number of the L2TP server.	Null		
Asyncmap Value	One of the L2TP initialization strings. In general, you don't need to modify			
	this value.			
MRU	Maximum Receiving Unit. It is the identifier of the maximum size of packet,	1500		
	which is possible to receive in a given environment.			
NATU	Maximum Transmission Unit. It is the identifier of the maximum size of	1420		
MIU	packet, which is possible to transfer in a given environment.	1436		

Link Detection Interval	Specify the interval between L2TP client and server. To check the connectivity of a tunnel, the client and server regularly send PPP Echo to each other. If the client or server receives no response from the peer within a specified period of time, it retransmits the PPP echo. If it receives no response from the peer after transmitting the PPP echo for max retries times, it considers that the L2TP tunnel is down and tries tore-establish a tunnel with the peer.	30
Link Detection Max Retries	Specify the max retries times for L2TP link detection.	5
Expert Options	You can enter some other PPP initialization strings in this field. Each string can be separated by a space.	noccp nobsdcomp
Route Table List	Click "Add" to add a route rule from L2TP server to L2TP client.	Null

3.27 Configuration -> PPTP

This section allows users to set the PPTP parameters.

PPTP Cli	ent PPTP Se	rver		
PPTP Client				
	Tunnel name		Description	
				Add
PPTP Client				
🗹 Enab	le			
Remote	IP Address:			
Usernam	ie:			
Passwor	d:			
Authenti	cation:	Auto	•	
🗹 Enab	le NAT			
🗹 Enab	le MPPE			
🗹 All tra	affic via this interface			
Show	Advanced			
Local IP:				
Remote	IP:			
🗹 Addre	ess/Control Compres	sion		
Proto	col Field Compressio	n		
Asyncma	p Value:	fffffff		
MRU:		1500		
MTU:		1436		
Link Det	ection Interval (s):	30		

Link Detection Max Retries:

Expert Options:

noccp nobsdcomp

5

PPTP Client @ PPTP					
Item	Description	Default			
Add	Click "Add" to add a PPTP client				
Enable	Enable PPTP Client. The max tunnel accounts are 3.	Null			
Disable	Disable PPTP Client.	Null			
Remote IP Address	Enter your PPTP server's public IP or domain name.	Null			
Username	Enter the username which was provided by your PPTP server.	Null			
Password	Enter the password which was provided by your PPTP server.	Null			
	Select from "Auto", "PAP", "CHAP", "MS-CHAP v1" and "MS-CHAP v2".				
	You need to select the corresponding authentication method based on the	A			
Authentication	server's authentication method. When you select "Auto", router will auto	Auto			
	select the correct method based on server's method.				
	Click to enable NAT feature of PPTP. The source IP address of host Behind	Disable			
Enable NAI	R3000 will be disguised before accessing the remote PPTP server.	Disable			
	Tick to enable MPPE (Microsoft Point-to-Point Encryption). It's a protocol for	Disabla			
	encrypting data across PPP and VPN links.	Disable			
All traffic via this					
interface	After click to enable this leature, all data traffic will be sent via PPTP tunnel.				
Show Advanced	Tick to enable the PPTP client advanced setting.	Disable			
	Set the IP address of the PPTP client.				
Local IP	You can enter the IP which assigned by PPTP server. Null means PPTP client				
	will obtain an IP address automatically from PPTP server's IP pool.				
Pomoto ID	Enter the remote peer's private IP address or remote subnet's gateways				
Remote in	address.	Null			
Address/Control	Used for PPP initialization. In general, you need to enable it as default	Enable			
Compression	osed for the initialization. In general, you need to enable it as default.	LIIADIC			
Protocol Field	Used for PPP initialization. In general, you need to enable it as default	Enable			
Compression	osed for the initialization. In general, you need to enable it as default.	LIIADIC			
Asyncman Value	One of the PPTP initialization strings. In general, you don't need to modify	ftttttt			
	this value.				
MRU	Maximum Receiving Unit. It is the identifier of the maximum size of packet,	1500			
	which is possible to receive in a given environment.				
МТЦ	Maximum Transmission Unit. It is the identifier of the maximum size of	1436			
	packet, which is possible to transfer in a given environment.	1150			
Link Detection	Specify the interval between PPTP client and server.				
	To check the connectivity of a tunnel, the client and server regularly send PPP				
Interval	Echo to each other. If the client or server receives no response from the peer				
	within a specified period of time, it retransmits the PPP echo. If it receives no				
	response from the peer after transmitting the PPP echo for max retries times,				

	it considers that the PPTP tunnel is down and tries tore-establish a tunnel	
	with the peer.	
Link Detection Max Retries	Specify the max retries times for PPTP link detection.	5
Expert Options	You can enter some other PPP initialization strings in this field. Each string can be separated by a space.	noccp nobsdcom p

PPTP Client PPTP Server Enable PPTP Server

🕅 Enable PPTP Server		
PPTP Common Settings		
Username:		
Password:		
Authentication:	CHAP -	
Local IP:	10.0.1	
IP Pool Start:	10.0.2	
IP Pool End:	10. 0. 0. 100	
Enable MPPE		
DDTD Commen Advected		

PPTP Serv	er Advanced				
🗹 Sho					
🗹 Add					
🗹 Prot	ocol Field Compression				
Asyncm	ap Value:	fffffff			
MRU:		1500			
MTU:		1436			
Link Detection Interval (s):		30			
Link Detection Max Retries:		5			
Expert Options: nocc		noccp nobsdcomp			
Route Tabl	e List				
	Client IP	Remote Subnet	Remote Subnet Mask		
	*0.0.0.0″ means any		Add		

PPTP Server @ PPTP				
Item	Description	Default		
Enable PPTP Server	Tick to enable PPTP server.	Disable		
Username	Set the username which will assign to PPTP client.	Null		
Password	Set the password which will assign to PPTP client.	Null		
Authentication	Select from "PAP", "CHAP", "MS-CHAP v1" and "MS-CHAP v2".	СНАР		

	PPTP client need to select the same authentication method based on this			
	server's authentication method.			
Local IP	Set the IP address of PPTP server.	10.0.0.1		
IP Pool Start	Set the IP pool start IP address which will assign to the PPTP clients.	10.0.0.2		
IP Pool End	Set the IP pool end IP address which will assign to the PPTP clients.	10.0.0.100		
Enable MDDE	Tick to enable MPPE (Microsoft Point-to-Point Encryption). It's a protocol for	Disable		
	encrypting data across PPP and VPN links.	DISADIE		
Show PPTP Server	Tick to show the DDTD conver advanced setting	Disable		
Advanced	Tick to show the PPTP server advanced setting.	DISADIE		
Address/Control	Licod for DDD initialization. In general, you need to enable it as default	Enable		
Compression	osed for PPP initialization. In general, you need to enable it as default.	Enable		
Protocol Field	Liced for DDD initialization in general you need to enable it as default	Fnabla		
Compression	osed for PPP initialization. In general, you need to enable it as default.	Enable		
Agungman Value	One of the PPTP initialization strings. In general, you don't need to modify			
Asynchiap value	this value.	1111111		
MDU	Maximum Receiving Unit. It is the identifier of the maximum size of packet,	1500		
IVIKU	which is possible to receive in a given environment.			
NATU	Maximum Transmission Unit. It is the identifier of the maximum size of			
IVITU	packet, which is possible to transfer in a given environment.			
	Specify the interval between PPTP client and server.			
	To check the connectivity of a tunnel, the client and server regularly send PPP			
Link Datastian	Echo to each other. If the client or server receives no response from the peer			
	within a specified period of time, it retransmits the PPP echo. If it receives no	30		
Interval	response from the peer after transmitting the PPP echo for max retries times,			
	it considers that the PPTP tunnel is down and tries tore-establish a tunnel			
	with the peer.			
Link Detection Max	Specify the max retries times for PPTP link detection	5		
Retries	specify the max retries times for FFTF link detection.	5		
	You can enter some other DDD initialization strings in this field. Each string	noccp		
Expert Options	can be separated by a space.			
Route Table List	Click "Add" to add a route rule from PPTP server to PPTP client.	Null		

3.28 Configuration -> SNMP

This section allows users to set the SNMP parameters.

Basic	View	VACM	Тгар	Download MIB
SNMP Basic Settings				
Enable SNMP				
Port:	161			
Agent Mode:	Master -	•		
Version:	SNMPv2	2 💌		
Location Info:	China			
Contact Info:	info@rob	ustel.com		
System Name:	router			

Basic @ SNMP				
Item	Description	Default		
Port	UDP port for sending and receiving SNMP requests.	161		
Agent Mode	Select the correct agent mode.	Master		
Version	Select from "SNMPv1", "SNMPv2" and "SNMPv3".	SNMPv2		
Location Info	Enter the router's location info which will send to SNMP client.	China		
Contact Info	Enter the router's contact info which will send to SNMP client.	info@robustel.com		
System name	Enter the router's system name which will send to SNMP client.	router		

I	Basic	View	VAC	4	Trap	Download MIB	
Mib Vie	ew List						
	View Name	View	Filter	View OII)		
	system	Included	•	1.3.6.1.2.1	.1 X		
	all	Included	•	1	X		
	*View OID:<1~65	535>.<1~65535>	·		Add		

View @ SNMP				
Item	Description	Default		
View Name	Enter the View Name	Null		
View Filter	Select from "Include" and "Exclude".	Include		
View OID	Enter the Object Identifiers (OID)	Null		

Basic		View	VACM	Trap	Download MIB
SNMPv1&v2 User L	ist				
Readwri	te	Network	Community	MIB	view
Readonly	•	0.0.0	public	system	- X
ReadWrite	-	0.0.0	private	system	- X
ReadWrite	-	0.0.0	admin	all	▼ X
*Network: 1.	1.1.0/2	4, 0.0.0.0 means	any		Add

VACM @ SNMP			
Item	Description	Default	
Readwrite	Select the access rights from "Readonly" and "ReadWrite".	Readonly	
Network	Define the network from which is allowed to access. E.g. 172.16.0.0.	Null	
Community	Enter the community name.	Null	
MIBview	Select from "none", "system" and "all"	none	

Basic	View	VACM	Trap	Download MIB
SNMP Trap Settings	i			
Enable SNMP	Trap			
Version:	SNMP	v2 💌		
Server Address:				
Port:	0			
Name:				

Trap @ SNMP			
Item	Description	Default	
Enable SNMP Trap	Click to enable SNMP Trap feature.	Disable	
Version	Select from "SNMPv1", "SNMPv2" and "SNMPv3".	SNMPv2	
Server Address	Enter SNMP server's IP address.	Null	
Port	Enter SNMP server's port number	0	
Name	Enter SNMP server's name.	Null	

Basic	View	VACM	Trap	Download MIB
Download MIB Mou	dles File			
Download MIB M	oudles File			

Download MIB Moudles File @ SNMP			
Item	Description		
Download MIB Moudles File	Click to download the MIB Moudles File		

3.29 Configuration -> VRRP

This section allows users to set the VRRP parameters.

VRRP		
VRRP Settings		
Enable VRRP		
Group ID:	1	
Priority:	100	
Interval (s):	10	
Virtual IP:	192.168.0.1	

VRRP				
Item	Description	Default		
	Tick to enable VRRP protocol. VRRP (Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol) is			
	an Internet protocol that provides a way to have one or more backup routers	Dischle		
	when using a statically configured router on a local area network (LAN). Using	Disable		
	VRRP, a virtual IP address can be specified manually.			
Group ID	Specify which VRRP group of this router belong to.	1		
Priority	Enter the priority value from 1 to 255. The larger value has higher priority.	100		
Interval	The interval that master router sends keepalive packets to backup routers.	10		
Virtual IP	A virtual IP address is shared among the routers, with one designated as the			
	master router and the others as backups. In case the master fails, the virtual	192.168.0.		
	IP address is mapped to a backup router's IP address. (This backup becomes	1		
	the master router.)			

3.30 Configuration -> AT over IP

This section allows users to set the AT over IP parameters.

AT over IP	
AT Settings	
Enable AT Settings	
Protocol:	UDP -
Local IP:	
Local Port:	8091

AT over IP			
Item	Description	Default	
Enable AT Settings	Tick to enable AT over IP to control cellular module via AT command remotely.	Disable	
Protocol	Select from "TCP server" or "UDP"	UDP	
	You can enter the IP address of cellular WAN, Ethernet WAN or Ethernet LAN.	0000	
	Null stands for all these three IP addresses.	0.0.0.0	
Local Port	Enter the local TCP or UDP listening port.	8091	

3.31 Configuration -> Phone Book

This section allows users to set the Phone Book parameters.

Phone E	Book	Phone Gro	րոն	
Phone Boo	k Configu	ration		
	De	scription	Phone No.	
				x
			Add	Ĵ
*1. Make +123423	sure you 42342 (+	enter mobile de 1 is the interna	stination number in the tional code for US, use ti	international format, for instance for SMS to US mobile phone: his and then your normal number without the first zero).
*2. In so	me countr	ries, onlv can se	nd/receive SMS without	international code for the number.

Phone Book				
Item	Description	Default		
Description	Set the name to your relevant phone No.	Null		
	Enter your phone No.			
Phone No	Note:			
FIIONE NO.	In some countries, the Phone NO. is required to be written in international	Null		
	format, starting with "+" followed by the country code.			

Phone I	Book Phone Gro	up	
Phone Gro	up Configuration		
	Group Name	Phone List	
		bbA	

Group No. And Description	
Group Name:	
Add or remove the phone no.	to/from group 🔼
Not in this group	In this group
	<u> </u>
	All
	(
	V

	Phone Group	
Group Name	Set the Group Name.	Null
Phone List	Show the phone list in the Group.	Null
Add or remove the phone no.to/from group	Click right arrow to add the phone no.to this group; Click left arrow to remove the phone no.from group.	Null

Note: R3000-4L does not support SMS/Call function, so PhoneBook section will not be displayed on the web page.

3.32 Configuration -> SMS

This section allows users to set the SMS Notification and SMS Control parameters.

SMS	
SMS Notification	
Send SMS on power up)
Send SMS on PPP conn	ect
Send SMS on PPP disco	onnect
Phone Group:	NULL Click to add PhoneGroup!
SMS Control	
🕅 Enable	
Password Content:	
Phone Group:	NULL Click to add PhoneGroup!

	SMS	
Item	Description	Default
Send SMS on power up	Enable to send SMS to specific user after router was powered up.	Disable
Send SMS on PPP connect	Enable to send SMS to specific user when router PPP up.	Disable
Send SMS on PPP disconnect	Enable to send SMS to specific user when router PPP down.	Disable
Phone Group	Select the Phone Group you set in 3.2.27 Configuration -> Phone Book	Null
Enable @ SMS Control	Click to enable SMS remote control.	Disable
Password Content	Set the password content characters. Note : Only support text format. For example 123 or ABC123.	Null
Phone Group	Select the Phone Group you set in 3.2.27 Configuration -> Phone Book	Null

Note: please refer to section 4.7 SMS Commands for Remote Control. R3000-4L does not support SMS/Call function, SMS section will not be displayed on the web page.

3.33 Configuration -> Reboot

This section allows users to set the Reboot policies.

Time	Call	SMS		
Daily Reboot				
🗷 Enable Time I	Reboot(hh:mm,24h)			
Reboot Tim	e1 Reboot T	ime2 Re	boot Time3	
12:00				
Time	Call	SMS		
Time Call Reboot Configu	Call	SMS		
Time Call Reboot Configu Senable Call R	Call ration eboot	SMS		
Time Call Reboot Configu Call Reboot Configu Enable Call R Phone Group:	Call ration eboot	SMS	neGroup!	

Time	Call	SMS	
SMS Reboot Configu	uration		
🗵 Enable SMS R	leboot		
Phone Group:	NULL	 Click to add PhoneGroup 	<u>11</u>
Password:			
SMS Reply Conte	ent:		

	Time @ Reboot	
Item	Description	Default
Enable(abb:mm 24b)	Enable daily reboot, you should follow ahh:mm,24h time frame, or the data will	Dicable
Ellable(allii.iliii,2411)	be invalid.	DISADIE
Reboot Time1	Specify time1 when you need router reboot.	Null
Reboot Time2	Specify time2 when you need router reboot.	Null
Reboot Time3	Specify time3 when you need router reboot.	Null
	Call @ Reboot	
Enable Call Reboot	Click to enable call reboot function	Disable
Phone Group	Set the Phone Group which was allowed to reboot the router by call.	Null
	Send reply short message after auto Call reboot from specified Caller ID (e.g.	
SMS Reply Content	Reboot ok!).	Null
	Note: Only support text format SMS.	
	SMS @ Reboot	
Enable SMS Reboot	Click to enable SMS reboot function	Disable
Phone Group	Set the Phone Group which was allowed to reboot the router by SMS.	Null
Password	Password for triggering the Reboot mechanism.	Null
	Send reply short message after auto SMS reboot from specified Caller ID (e.g.	
SMS Reply Content	Reboot ok!).	Null
	Note: Only support text format SMS.	

Note: R3000-4L does not support SMS/Call function, Call and SMS section will not be displayed on the web page.

3.34 Configuration -> Portal

This section allows users to configure parameters about RobustLink, Tingco Cumulosity and GpsGate, which are industrial-grade centralized management and administration system. It allows you to monitor, configure and manage large numbers of remote devices on a private network over the web.

Portal		
Portal Settings		
 Enable Portal 		
Server Type:	Robustlink 💙	
Server Address:		
Port:	1883	
Password:		

Portal

Portal Settings

on	ai settings	
	Enable Portal	
5	Server Type:	Tingco 👻
5	Server Address:	88.80.180.216
F	Port:	10821
l	JnitID:	
0	CLID:	•••••
ŀ	KeepAlive:	60

Portal

.

Portal	Settings

Enable Portal	
Server Type:	Cumulocity 🔻
URL:	https://robustel.cumuloci
Username:	admin
Password:	•••••
Device Name:	R3000
Device ID(s):	85500
KeepAlive:	120

Portal

Portal Settings

Enable Portal

Server Type:

GpsGate 💌

*Please configure the GPS Setting parameters at first

Robustlink @ Portal			
Item	Description	Default	
Server address	Enter IP address of RobustLink.	Null	
Port	Enter port number of RobustLink.	1883	

Decevered	Enter the password preset in RobustLink.			
Passworu	Note: The passwords set in R3000 and RobustLink need to be the same.	NUII		
	Tingco@ Portal			
Server Address, Port, UnitID,CLID, KeepAlive	Fill in the Server Address, Port, UnitID, CLID, KeepAlive. After settings are activated, R3000 will update information to Tingco automatically.			
	Cumulosity@Portal			
URL, Username, Password, Device Name, Device ID (S), KeepAlive	Fill in the URL, Username, Password, Device Name, Device ID (S), KeepAlive of Cumulosity. Default settings will be ok. After settings are activated, R3000 will update information to Cumulosity automatically.			
GpsGate@Portal				
GpsGate	Connect to GpsGate portal. You should configure the GpsGPS Setting at first.			

3.35 Configuration -> Syslog

This section allows users to set the syslog parameters.

Syslog		
Syslog Settings		
Save Position:	RAM 👻	
Log Level:	DEBUG 👻	
Keep Days:	14	
Log to Remote System	n	
Remote IP:		
Remote UDP Port:	514	

Syslog				
Item	Description	Default		
Sava Desition	Select the save position from "None", "Flash" and "SD". "None" means syslog is			
Save Position	only saved in RAM, and will be cleared after reboot.	NONE		
	Select form "DEBUG", "INFO", "NOTICE", "WARNING", "ERR", "CRIT", "ALERT"			
Log Level	and "EMERG" which from low to high. The lower level will output more syslog in			
	detail.			
Keep Days	Specify the syslog keep days for router to clear the old syslog.	14		
Log to Remote System	Enable to allow router sending syslog to the remote syslog server. You need to	Disable		
	enter the IP and Port of the syslog server.	Disable		

3.36 Configuration -> Event

	Event				
Eve	nt Setting				
	Carble	, Filiant			
	Enable	Event			
	Index	Even	nt Code	SNMP-TRAP	RobustLink
	1	B00	OT-UP		
	2	3(G-UP		
	3	3G-	-DOWN		
	4	GPI	RS-UP		
	5	GPR	S-DOWN		
	6	OVP	N1-UP		
	7	OVP	N2-UP		
	8	OVP	N3-UP		
	9	OVPN	1-DOWN		
	10	OVPN	2-DOWN		
	11	OVPN	3-DOWN		
	12	INT	∏1-UP		
	13	INT	T2-UP		

This section allows users to set the Event parameters.

Event			
Item	Description	Default	
	Click to enable Event feature.		
	This feature is used to report R3000's main running event to SNMP-TRAP or		
Enable Event	RobustLink. There are numbers of Event code you can select, such as		
	"BOOT-UP", "3G-UP", "3G-DOWN", etc. For example if you click "3G-UP"	Disable	
	and select "RobustLink" as the server, when R3000 dial up to connect to 3G		
	network, it will send event code "3G-UP" as well as relevant information to		
	RobustLink.		

3.37 Configuration -> USR LED

This section allows users to change the display status of USR LED. **Note**: Please refer to "Status" -> "System" -> "LEDs Information" -> "USR".

USR LED		
USR LED		
USR LED Type:	VPN -	
Indication:	ON 🗸	

USR LED				
Item	Description	Default		
USR LED Type	Select from "VPN", "PPPoE", "DynDNS" and "GPS".	VPN		
	Select from "ON", "Blink".			
Indication	For example, if "USR LED Type" is set as "VPN" and "Indication" is set as	ON		
	"Blink", when any VPN tunnel is up USR LED will blink.			

3.38 Configuration -> RobustVPN

This section allows users to configure the settings of RobustVPN, which is based on a hosted web service designed to connect customer to their machines through Internet. The hosted acts as data transit platform and offer communication originated by the customers to their machines. It is intended to be used in the industrial M2M communication sector.

RobustVPN		
RobustVPN Connection Sett	ings	
Enable RobustVPN		
Server Address:		
HTTPS Port:	443	
Username:	admin	
Password:	•••••	
RobustVPN Status		
Status:	Disconnected	
Local IP:		
Remote IP:		
Connect Time:		

RobustVPN				
Item	Description	Default		
Enable RobustVPN	Click to enable RobustVPN.	Disable		
Server Address	Enter the IP address or Domain Name of RobustVPN server.	Null		
HTTPS Port	Enter the HTTPS Port of RobustVPN server.	443		
Username	Enter the Username of RobustVPN server.	admin		
Password	Enter the Password of RobustVPN server.	admin		
Dobust\/DN Status	Show status of RobustVPN, including connection status, Local IP, Remote IP			
NUDUSIVEN SIdius	and Connect Time.			

3.39 Administration -> Profile

This section allows users to import or export the configuration file, and restore the router to factory default setting.

Profile				
Change Profile				
Profile:	Standard V			
Copy settings from current	profile to selected profile			
Change				
All Parameters XML Configurati	on			
XML File:		Browse	Import	Export
IPsec XML Configuration				
IPsec XML File:		Browse	Import	Export
OpenVPN XML Configuration				
OpenVPN XML File:		Browse	Import	Export
Restore to Factory Default Settings				
Restore to Factory Default Sett	ngs			

Profile			
Item	Description	Default	
	This item allow users store different configuration profiles into different		
Drofilo	positions; or save one configuration profile into different positions just for	Standard	
FIOINE	configuration data backup.	Stanuaru	
	Selected from "Standard", "Alternative 1", "Alternative 2", "Alternative 3".		
	Import: Click "Browse" to select the XML file in your computer, then click		
All Parameters XML	"Import" to import this file into your router.	/	
Configuration	Export: Click "Export" and the configuration will be showed in the new	/	
	popup browser window, then you can save it as a XML file.		
IPsec XML	Only import or export the IDree YML configuration	/	
Configuration	Only import of export the inset xinc configuration.	/	
OpenVPN XML	Only import or export the OpenV/RN XML configuration	/	
Configuration		/	
Restore to Factory	Click the button of "Restore to Factory Default Settings" to restore the		
Default Settings	router to factory default setting.	/	

3.40 Administration -> Tools

This section provides users four tools: Ping, AT Debug, Traceroute and Test.

Ping	AT Debug	Traceroute	Sniffer	Test	
ing					
Ping IP address: Number of requests: Timeout (s): Local IP: Start Stop	5				

Ping @ Tools				
Item	Description	Default		
Ping IP address	Enter the ping destination IP address or domain name.	Null		
Number of requests	Specify the number of ping requests.	5		
Timeout	Specify timeout of ping request.	1		
	Specify the local IP from cellular WAN, Ethernet WAN or Ethernet LAN. Null			
LOCALIP	stands for selecting local IP address from these three automatically.			
Start	Click this button to start ping request, and the log will be displayed in the	Null		
Start	follow box.	Null		

eceive AT Commands eceive AT Commands	end AT Commands Send sceive AT Commands	Ping	AT Debug	Traceroute	Sniffer	Test
Send eceive AT Commands	Send Seceive AT Commands	end AT Command	ls			
Send eceive AT Commands	Send Seceive AT Commands					
eceive AT Commands	eceive AT Commands	Send				
		eceive AT Comma	ands			

AT Debug @ Tools				
Item	Description	Default		
Send AT Commands	Enter the AT commands which you need to send to cellular module in this box.	Null		
Send	Click this button to send the AT commands.	Null		
Receive AT	Router will display the AT commands which respond from the cellular module	NUUL		
Commands	in this box.	NUII		

	AT Debug	Traceroute	Sniffer	Test	- 45
ceroute					
Trace Address:					
Trace Hops:	30				
Timeout (s):	1				
Start Stop					
					-

Traceroute @ Tools				
Item	Description	Default		
Trace Address	Enter the trace destination IP address or domain name.	Null		
Trace Hops	Specify the max trace hops. Router will stop tracing if the trace hops has met			
	max value no matter the destination has been reached or not.	50		
Timeout	Specify timeout of Traceroute request.	1		
Sand	Click this button to start Traceroute request, and the log will be displayed in			
Senu	the follow box.	Null		

Ping	AT Debug	Traceroute	Sniffer	Test	
Sniffer					
Interface:	all 🔻				
Host:					
Protocol:	all 🔻				
Count	100				
Start Stop					

Sniffer @ Tools				
Item	Description	Default		
	Select form "all", "lo", "imq0", "imq1", "eth0", "gre0", and "ppp0":			
	all: contain all the interface;			
	lo: Local Loopback interface;			
Interface	imq0/1: virtual interface for QoS, which used to limit the download and upload	A 11		
Interface	speed;	All		
	eth0: Ethernet interface;			
	gre0: GRE tunnel interface;			
	ppp0: Cellular PPP interface;			
Host	Filter the packet that contain the specify IP address.	Null		
Protocol	Select from "all", "ip", "arp", "tcp" and "udp".	All		
Count	Set the packet number that can be sniffered at a time.	100		
Stort	Click this button to start the sniffer, and the log will be displayed in the follow			
Start	box.	NUII		
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	Ping	AT Debug T	raceroute	Sniffer	Test	
Tes	t					
	Enable	Description	1	Result		
		SD Test				
		USB Test				
		Flash Test				
		Memory Test				
		Ethernet Test				
		SIM1 Test				
		SIM2 Test				
		Module Test				
Det	ail					

Show Detail Clear

Test @ Tools					
Item	Description	Default			
Enable	Click "Enable" to select the hardware component whose status you want to	Enable			
	check.	LIIADIE			
Description	Select from "SD Test", "USB Test", "Flash Test", "Memory Test", "SIM1 Test",	Ν/Δ			
Description	"SIM2 Test" and "Module Test".	N/A			
	Show the current status of the selected hardware component. There are 3				
	status "Testing", "Success" and "Failure".				
Pocult	Testing: Router is testing the selected hardware component.	Null			
Nesun	Success: Correspond hardware component is properly inserted and detected.	Null			
	Failure: Correspond hardware component is not inserted into the router or the				
	router fails to detect.				
Show Detail	Show the current test details of the hardware component.	Null			
Clear	Clear the current test details of the hardware component.	Null			
Note: click "Apply" to start testing.					

3.41 Administration -> Clock

This section allows users to set clock of router and NTP server.

Clock		
Real Time Clock Settings		
Real Time Clock:	2015-01-04 17:38:51	
PC Time:	2015-01-04 17:39:24	Synchronize
Timezone Setting		
Timezone:	UTC+08:00 China, HK, Wester	n Australia, Singapore, Taiwan, Russia 🔻
GPS Time Synchronization		
Sync Time From GPS		
NTP Settings		
Enable NTP Client		
Primary NTP Server:	pool.ntp.org	
Secondary NTP Server:		
Update Interval (h):	1	
Enable NTP Server		

Clock					
Item	Description				
Real Time Clock	Router's RTC can be showed and modified in this field.	Null			
PC Time	You PC's time can be showed here.	Null			
Synchronize	Synchronize router's RTC with PC.	Null			
Enable NTP Client	Enable to synchronize the time from NTP server.	Disable			
Timozono @ Client	Select your local time zone	UTC			
nmezone @ Client		+08:00			
Sync Time From GPS					
@ GPS Time	Synchronize router's RTC from GPS.				
Synchronization					
Drimony NTD Server	Enter primary NTP Server's IP address or domain name.				
Secondary NTP	Enter secondary NTR Server's IR address or domain name	Null			
Server	Enter secondary for servers if address of domain name.	Null			
Update interval (h)	Enter the interval which NTP client synchronize the time from NTP server.	1			
Enable NTP Server	Click to enable the NTP server function of router.	Disable			
Timozono @ Sorrer	Select your local time zone.				
ninezone @ Server					

3.42 Administration -> Web Server

This section allows users to modify the parameters of Web Server.

Basic	X.509				
Port Settings					
HTTP Port:		80			
HTTPS Port:		443			
Login Parameters	;				
Login Timeout	(s):	1800			
Basic	X.509				
HTTPS Certificate					
Public Key:			Browse	Import	Export
Private Key:			Browse	Import	Export
Pt	ublic Key	Private Key			
Private Key:	ublic Key	Private Key	Browse	Import	Export

Basic @ Web Server				
Item	Description	Default		
	Enter the HTTP port number you want to change in R3000's Web Server.			
	On a Web server, port 80 is the port that the server "listens to" or expects to			
HTTP Port	receive from a Web client. If you configure the router with other HTTP Port	80		
	number except 80, only adding that port number then you can login R3000's			
	Web Server.			
	Enter the HTTPS port number you want to change in R3000's Web Server.			
	On a Web server, port 443 is the port that the server "listens to" or expects to			
	receive from a Web client. If you configure the router with other HTTPS Port			
	number except 443, only adding that port number then you can login R3000's			
HTTPS Port	Web Server.	443		
	Note: HTTPS is more secure than HTTP. In many cases, clients may be			
	exchanging confidential information with a server, which needs to be secured			
	in order to prevent unauthorized access. For this reason, HTTP was developed			
	by Netscape corporation to allow authorization and secured transactions.			
	Enter the Login timeout you want to change in R3000's Web Server. After			
Login Timeout (s)	"Login Timeout", R3000 will force to log out the Web GUI and then you need	1800		
	to re-login again to Web GUI.			
X.509 @ Web Server				
HTTPS Cortificate	In this tab, user can import, export or delete "Public Key" and "Private Key"	Null		
	for HTTPS certification.	INUII		

3.43 Administration -> User Management

This section allows users to modify or add management user accounts.

Super	Common				
User Management	User Management				
Username:	admin				
Old Password:	••••				
New Password:					
Confirm Passwo	ord:				

Super @ User Management					
Item	Description	Default			
Supor	One router has only one super user account. Under this account, user has the	Admin			
Super	highest authority include modify and add management user accounts.	Aumin			
	Set Username and Password.				
User Management	Note: R3000 support SSH2 for management. Details you can check Application				
	Note of R3000.				

	Super C	Common		
Use	r Management			
	Access Level	Username	Password	
			Add	

Common @ User Management				
Item	Description	Default		
Common	One router has at most 9 common user accounts. There are two access level of			
Common	common user account: "ReadWrite" and "ReadOnly".	NUII		
	Select from "ReadWrite" and "ReadOnly".			
Access Level	ReadWrite: Users can view and set the configuration of router under this level;	Null		
	ReadOnly: Users only can view the configuration of router under this level			
Username/ Password	Set Username and Password.	Null		
Add	Click this button to add a new account.	Null		

3.44 Administration -> SDK Management

This section allows users to set SDK Management parameters of router.

Files								
Import Applications								
Browse	. Import							
List								
Disable SDK service if not WAN devices dete								
APP Name	Options	Memory(KB)	Running					
1.xml		0	N	x				
	Files Files Files Area and a second secon	Files s Browse Import List service if not WAN devices dete APP Name Options 1.xml	Files s Browse Import List service if not WAN devices dete APP Name Options 1.xml 0	Files s Browse Import List service if not WAN devices dete APP Name Options Memory(KB) Running 1.xml 0 N				

APP @ SDK Management				
Item	Description	Default		
Import Applications	Click to import APP files in this item.	Null		
Custom Application List	 This list shows which APP files you have imported to the router, which APP file you want to start up, as well as the running information. Enable: Click to enable the APP file. APP Name: Shows the name of the APP files. Options: It is an optional items, user can choose to configure startup parameters here. Memory (KB): Shows the memory resources occupied by the APP files. Running: Shows whether the APP files are running. 	Null		
Disable SDK service if not WAN device	Click to run the SDK APP only after WAN interface is up. If you don't click this option, the SDK APP will run before the WAN interface is	Disable		
dete	up.			

	APP	Files						
Im	Import Files							
			Browse Import File:					
Cos	Costom File List							
	Index	File Name						

Files @ SDK Management						
Item	Description	Default				
Import Files	Click to import configuration files in this item.	Null				
Custom File List	This list shows which Configuration files you have imported to the router.	Null				

3.45 Administration -> Update Firmware

This section allows users to update the firmware of router.

Update						
Firmware Version						
Firmware Version:	1.2.0					
Firmware old Version						
Firmware old Version	1.01.35					
Fall back to old version	Apply					
Update Firmware						
Warning: Do not turn off or	operate the Router while updating.					
New Firmware:	Browse Update					

Update						
Item	Description	Default				
Firmware Version Show the current firmware version.						
	Show the old firmware version of the router.					
Firmware Old Version	Click "Apply" button to fall back to the old version, after updating successfully,					
	you need to reboot router to take effect.					
	Click "Select File" button to select the correct firmware in your PC, and then					
Update firmware	click "Update" button" to update. After updating successfully, you need to	Null				
	reboot router to take effect.					

Chapter 4 Configuration Examples

4.1 Interface

4.1.1 Console Port

User can use the console port to manage the router via CLI commands, please check section Introductions for CLI.



4.1.2 Digital Input

There are two digital inputs of R3000, it support dry contact (do not supports wet contact).

Please check the connector interface of R3000, you can find out "V-" easily at one of the pin of power input connector.

Import note: **do not** connect In1/In2 and Slide switch directly to "**GND**" of the terminal block, or DI will not work.



4.1.3 Digital Output

There are two digital outputs of R3000. Power negative of DC should connect to "GND" Please refer to connection diagram at the right site.

Maximum voltage/current/output power of DO is 30VDC/0.3A/0.3W. It means voltage difference between Out1/Out2 and GND cannot exceed to 30VDC; the current value through Out1/Out2 cannot exceed to 300mA. And the output power dissipated by Out1/Out2 cannot exceed to 0.3W. Otherwise DO will be damaged.



4.1.4 RS232

R3000 supports one RS232 for serial data communication. Please refer to the connection diagram at the right site.



4.1.5 RS485

R3000 supports one RS485 for serial data communication. Please refer to the connection diagram at the right site.



4.2 Cellular

4.2.1 Cellular Dial-Up

This section shows users how to configure the parameters of Cellular Dial-up within two configuration methods: "Always Online" and "Connect on Demand".

Note: This section will be hidden if user selects "EthO Only" in "Configuration ->Link Management".

1. Always Online

Configuration-->Link Management-->Cellular

Link Management Settings	
Primary Interface:	Cellular 💌
Backup Interface:	None 🔻
ICMP Detection Primary Server:	8. 8. 8. 8
ICMP Detection Secondary Server:	8.8.4.4
ICMP Detection Interval (s):	30
ICMP Detection Timeout (s):	3
ICMP Detection Retries:	3
Reset The Interface	
*It is recommended to use an ICMP detection s	server to keep router always online.
*The ICMP detection increases the reliability an	id also cost data traffic.
*DNS example: Google DNS Server 8.8.8.8 and	18.8.4.4

The modifications will take effect after click "Apply" button.

Configuration-->Cellular WAN -->Basic

Cellular Settings				
	Primary SIM Card	Secondary SIM Card		
Network Provider Type:	Auto 💌	Auto		
APN:				
Username:				
Password:				
Dialup No.:	*99***1#	*99***1#		
PIN code request:	Set PIN Code	Set PIN Code		
Connection Mode				
Connection Mode:	Always online			
Redial Interval (s):	30			
Max Retries:	3			

ual SIM Policy			
Main SIM Card:	SIM1 -		
When connection fai	ls		
When roaming is de	tected		
When IO is active			

The modifications will take effect after click "Apply" button.

If a customized SIM card is using, please select "Custom" instead of "Auto" in "Network Provider Type", and some relative settings should be filled in manually.

2. Connect on Demand

Configuration-->Link Management-->Cellular

Link Management Settings						
Primary Interface:	Cellular 🔻					
Backup Interface:	None 🔻					
ICMP Detection Primary Server:	8. 8. 8. 8					
ICMP Detection Secondary Server:	8. 8. 4. 4					
ICMP Detection Interval (s):	30					
ICMP Detection Timeout (s):	3					
ICMP Detection Retries:	3					
Reset The Interface						
*It is recommended to use an ICMP detection s	*It is recommended to use an ICMP detection server to keep router always online.					
*The ICMP detection increases the reliability an	*The ICMP detection increases the reliability and also cost data traffic.					
*DNS example: Google DNS Server 8.8.8.8 and	8.8.4.4					

The modifications will take effect after click "Apply" button.

Note: This section will be hidden if user selects "Cellular as primary and if fail use Eth0" in "Configuration ->Link Management".

Configuration --> Cellular WAN --> Basic

ellular Settings											
			S	IM1				SIM2			
Status:			Re	eady				Not Read	dy		
Network Provid	er Type	e:	A	uto		•		Auto	•		
APN:											
Username:											
Password:											
Dialup No.:			*{	99***1	#			*99***1	#		
PIN code reque	st:		S	et PIN	∛ Code			Set PIN	[Code		
Connection Mode											
Connection Mod	de:		C	Connect on demand 💌							
Redial Interval (s):				D							
Max Retries:											
Inactivity Time ((s):		0	0							
Serial Output C	ontent	::									
Triggered by	/ Serial	l Data									
Periodically	connec	t									
Periodically con	nect in	terval	(s):30	00							
Time schedule:			s	chedu	le_1 💽	•					
Time Range											
Name	SUN	MON	TUE	WED	THU	FRI	SAT	Time Range1	Time Range2	Time Range3	
schedule_	1 🔽							08:10-12:00	14:10-20:15		x
										Add	1

Select the trigger policy you need.

Note: If you select multiple trigger policies, the router will be triggered under anyone of them.

4.2.2 SMS Remote Status Reading

R3000 supports remote control via SMS. Users can use following commands to get the status of R3000, cannot set new parameters of R3000 at present.

An SMS command has following structure:

Password:cmd1,a,b,c;cmd2,d,e,f;cmd3,g,h,i;...;cmdn,j,k,n

SMS command Explanation:

- 1. Password: SMS control password is configured at **Basic->SMS Control->Password**, which is an optional parameter.
 - a) When there is no password, SMS command has following structure: cmd1;cmd2;cmd3;...;cmdn
 - b) When there is a password, SMS command has following structure: Password:cmd1;cmd2;cmd3;...;cmdn
- 2. cmd1, cmd2, cmd3 to Cmdn, which are command identification number 0001 0010.
- 3. a, b, c to n, which are command parameters.

- 4. The semicolon character (';') is used to separate more than one commands packed in a single SMS.
- 5. E.g., 1234:0001

In this command, password is 1234, 0001 is the command to reset R3000.

Cmd	Description	Syntax	Comments
Contro	l Commands	-	
0001	Reset Device	cmd	if no password, please use command "cmd", or use command" password: cmd" cmd1 + cmd2: cmd1;cmd2 * - means can be null
0002	Save Parameters	cmd	
0003	Save Parameters and Reset Device	cmd	
0004	Start PPP Dialup	cmd	
0005	Stop PPP	cmd	
0006	Switch Sim Card	cmd	
0007	Enable/Disable Event Counter	cmd,channel,flag	channel: 1 - DI_1 2 - DI_2 flag: 0 - disable 1 - enable
0008	Get Event Count Value	cmd,channel	channel: 1 - DI_1 2 - DI_2
0009	Clear Event Count	cmd,channel	channel: 1 - DI_1 2 - DI_2
0010	Clear SIM Card's Data Limitation	cmd,simNumber	simNumber: 1 - SIM_1 2 - SIM_2

4.3 Network

4.3.1 NAT

This section shows users how to set the NAT configuration of router.

Parameter Remote IP defines if access is allowed to route to the Forwarded IP and Port via WAN IP and "Arrives At Port".



Configuration--->NAT/DMZ--->Port Forwarding

Remote IP	Arrives At Port	Is Forwarded to IP Address	Is Forwarded to Port	Protocol	
58.1.1.1	9990	10.1.1.1	8880	TCP	•
58.1.1.1	9991	10.1.1.2	8881	UDP	•
58.1.1.1	9992	10.1.1.3	8882	TCP&UDP	•
Remote IP: 1.1.1.1, 1.1.1	.0/24.1.1.1.1-2.2.2	.2, 0.0.0.0 means anv		Add	í

Note: This section will be hidden if user selects "Cellular as primary and if fail use Eth0" in "Configuration ->Link Management".

Explanations for above diagram:

If there are two IP addresses 58.1.1.1 and 59.1.1.1 for the External Devices, that the result will be different from the test when the NAT is working at R3000.

58.1.1.1access to>58.1.1.2:9990be forwarded to>10.1.1.1:8000	ТСР
58.1.1.1access to>58.1.1.2:9991be forwarded to>10.1.1.2:8001	UDP
58.1.1.1access to>58.1.1.2:9992be forwarded to>10.1.1.3:8002	TCP&UDP

4.3.2 L2TP



L2TP_SERVER:

Configuration--->L2TP--->L2TP Server



Tick "Enable L2TP Server", and fill in the blank textbox

L2TP Common Settings						
Username:		l2tp	1			
Password:		••••	2			
Authenticat	tion:	PAP 🔻	3			
🗆 Enable 1	Tunnel Authenticatio	n				
Local IP:		10.1.2.1				
IP Pool Start:		10.1.2.2				
IP Pool End:		10.1.2.254				
L2TP Server Advanced						
🗆 Show L2	Show L2TP Server Advanced					
Route Table Li	st					
	Client IP	Remote Subnet	Remote Subnet Mask			
	0.0.0.0	192.168.1.0	255.255.255.0	X		
*0.0	0.0.0" means any		Add			

The modification will take effect after "Apply-->Save-->Reboot".

Note: The following diagrams with red color numbers mean these are the matches between server and client, and with the blue color number means it must be set locally for the tunnel.

L2TP_CLIENT:

Configuration--->L2TP--->L2TP Client

Please add L2TP Client	Please add L2TP Client			
Add				
Click "Add" button, and fill in the	e blank textbox			
L2TP Client X				
• Enable	O Disable			
Server Name:	58.1.1.1			
Username:	l2tp	1		
Password:	• • • •	2		
Authentication:	PAP 🔻	3		
🗖 Enable Tunnel Authentica	ition			
Remote Subnet:	10.0.0.0			
Remote Subnet Mask:	255.255.255.0			
Show L2TP Client Advance	ed			

The modification will take effect after "Apply-->Save-->Reboot".

4.3.3 PPTP



Note: The following diagrams with red color numbers mean these are the matches between server and client, and with the blue color number means it must be set locally for the tunnel.

PPTP_SERVER:

Configuration--->PPTP--->PPTP Server

Enable PPTP Server	
Enable PPTP Server	

Tick "Enable PPTP Server", and fill in the blank textbox

PPTP Com	non Settings			
Usernai	me:	pptp	1	
Passwo	rd:	••••	2	
Authent	tication:	PAP 💌	3	
Local IP	:	10.0.0.1		
IP Pool	Start:	10.0.0.2		
IP Pool	End:	10.0.0.254		
🗆 Enal	ble MPPE			
PPTP Serve	er Advanced			
🗆 Shor	w PPTP Server Advanced	t		
Route Table	e List			
	Client IP	Remote Subnet	Remote Subnet Mask	

	Client IP	Remote Subnet	Remote Subnet Mask	
	0.0.0.0	192.168.1.0	255.255.255.0	х
*0.	0.0.0" means any		Add	

The modification will take effect after "Apply-->Save-->Reboot".

PPTP_CLIENT:

Configuration--->PPTP--->PPTP Client

Please add PPTP Client	
Add	

Click "Add" button, and fill in the blank textbox

PP	TP Client X		
	⊙ Enable	O Disable	
	Server Name:	58.1.1.1	
	Username:	pptp	
	Password:	••••	
	Authentication:	PAP 💌	
	Remote Subnet:	172.16.0.0	
	Remote Subnet Mask:	255.255.0.0	
	Enable MPPE		
	🗆 Show PPTP Client Advar	nced	

The modification will take effect after "Apply-->Save-->Reboot".

4.3.4 IPSEC VPN



Note: The following diagrams with red color numbers mean these are the matches between server and client, and with the blue color number means it must be set locally for the tunnel.

IPsecVPN_SERVER:

Cisco 2811:

crypto isakmp policy 10
encriaes 256 🛛 😗
hash md5 🧳
authentication pre-share 11
group 2 10
crypto i sakmp key <mark>cisco</mark> address 0.0.0.0 0.0.0.0 ! 12
cryptoipsectransform-settransesp-3desesp-md5-hmac 2, 13
!
crypto dynamic-map dyn 10
set transform-set trans
match address 101
!
crypto map map1 10 ipsec-isakmp dynamic dyn
!
interface FastEthernet0/0
crypto map map1
!
access-list 101 permit ip 10.0.0.0 0.0.0.255 any 3, 5

Note: Polices 1,4,6,7 are default for Cisco router and do not display at the CMD.

IPsecVPN_CLIENT:

Configuration--->IPSec--->IPSec Basic

IPsec Basic		
Enable NAT Traversal		
Keepalive Interval(s):	30	

Then click "Apply".

Configuration--->IPSec--->IPSec Tunnel

IPsec Tunnel X	
• Enable	O Disable
Tick "Enable IPSec Tunnel1"	

IPsec Common		
Tunnel name:	IPSEC_TUNNEL_1	
IPsec Gateway Address:	58.1.1.1	
IPsec Mode:	Tunnel 💌] 1
IPsec Protocol:	ESP 💌	2
Local Subnet:	192.168.1.0	7
Local Subnet Mask:	255.255.255.0	5
Local ID Type:	IP Address 💌	4
Remote Subnet:	10.0.0.0	
Remote Subnet Mask:	255.255.255.0	3
Remote ID Type:	IP Address 💌	6
IKE Parameter		
Negotiation Mode:	Main 💌	7
Encryption Algorithm:	AES256 -	8
Authentication Algorithm:	MD5 💌	
DH Group:	MODP1024_2 -	10
Authentication:	PSK 🔽	T 11
Secrets:	••••	12
Life Time (s):	86400	—
SA Parameter		_
SA Algorithm:	3DES_MD5_96	13
PFS Group:	PFS_NULL	
Life Time(s):	28800	
DPD Time Interval (s):	180	
DPD Timeout (s):	60	
IPsec Advanced		
VPN Over IPsec Type:	NONE -	
Enable Compress		

The modification will take effect after "Apply-->Save-->Reboot".

4.3.5 OPENVPN



Note: The following diagrams with red color numbers mean these are the matches between server and client, and with the blue color number means it must be set locally for the tunnel.

OPENVPN_SERVER:

Configuration--->OpenVPN--->Server

Enable	OpenVPN Server
	Enable OpenVPN Server

Tick "Enable OpenVPN Server".

VPN Server Tunnel	
Tunnel name:	OpenVPN_Tunnel_0
Listen IP:	
Protocol:	UDP - 1
Port:	1194 2
Interface:	tun 💌 🦪
Authentication:	None 4
Local IP:	10.8.0.1 5
Remote IP:	10.8.0.2 6
🗹 Enable NAT 🛛 🕇	
Ping Interval:	20
Ping-Restart:	120
Compression:	LZO 🔽 🛛 🖉
Encryption:	BF-CBC 9
MTU:	1500 10
Max Frame Size:	1500 11
Verbose Level:	ERR
Expert Options:	route 192.168.1.0 255.255.255.0
	*xx xx.parameter,eg:config xx.config
Client Manage	
chent Manage	

Use	Common Name	Password	Client IP	Local Static Route	Remote Static Route
*Static Route: <1.1.1.0/24> or <1.1.1.0/24;2.2.2.2/16>				Add	

The modifications will take effect after click "Apply-->Save-->Reboot".

OPENVPN_CLIENT:

Configuration--->OpenVPN--->Client

Enable OpenVPN Client1

Tick "Enable OpenVPN Client1", and fill in the blank textbox

nable OpenVPN Clie	nt X		
• Enable		C Disable	
Tunnel name:		OpenVPN_Tunnel_0	
Protocol:		UDP 🔽	1
Server Address:		58.1.1.1	
Port:		1194	2
Interface:		tun 💌	3
Authentication:		None 💌	4
Local IP:		10.8.0.2	6
Remote IP:		10.8.0.1	5
🗹 Enable NAT	7		
Ping Interval:		20	
Ping-Restart:		120	
Compression:		LZO 💌	8
Encryption:		BF-CBC	9
MTU:		1500	10
Max Frame Size:		1500	11
Verbose Level:		ERR	
Expert Options:		route 192.168.2.0 255.255.2	255.0
		*xx xx.parameter,eg:con	ifig xx.config

The modification will take effect after "Apply-->Save-->Reboot".

Chapter 5 Introductions for CLI

5.1 What's CLI and Hierarchy Level Mode

The R3000 command-line interface (CLI) is a software interface providing another way to set the parameters of equipment from the <u>console</u> or through a <u>telnet</u> network connection. There are four different CLI hierarchy level modes which have different access rights:

- User exec mode—The command prompt ">" shows you are in the user mode, in this mode user can only use some simple commands to see the current configuration and the status of the device, or enter the "ping" command to troubleshoot the network connectivity.
- Privileged exec mode—When you enter Privileged mode ,the prompt will change to "#" which user can do not only what is allowed in the user exec mode but also the new additions like importing and exporting for files , system log , debug and so on .
- Global configuration mode—The global configuration mode with prompt "<config>#" allows user to add, set,modify and delete current configuration .
- Interface mode—Prompt "<config-xx>" means in this mode we can set both IP address and mtu for this interface.

Following is the relationship diagram about how to access or quit among the different modes:



USER EXEC MODE:

R3000 Configure Env	ironment
Username: admin	
Password: *****	
R3000> ?	//check what commands can be used in user exec mode
enable	Turn on privileged commands
exit	Exit from current mode
ping	Ping test
reload	Halt and perform a cold restart
tracert	Tracert test
show	Show running system information

PRIVILEDGED EXEC MODE:

R3000> enable

Password: *****

R3000#?	<pre>//check what commands can be used in Privileged exec mode</pre>
debug	Debug configure information
enable	Turn on privileged commands
exit	Exit from current mode
export	Export file using tftp
syslog	Export system log
import	Import file using tftp
load	Load configure information
ping	Ping test
reload	Halt and perform a cold restart
tracert	Tracert test
write	Write running configuration
tftp	Copy from tftp: file system
show	Show running system information
configure	Enter configuration mode
end	Exit to Normal mode

GLOBAL CONFIGURATION MODE:

R3000# configure

R3000(config)# ?	//check what commands can be used in global configuration mode
exit	Exit from current mode
end	Exit to Normal mode
interface	Configure an interface
set	Set system parameters
add	Add system parameters list
modify	Modify system parameters list
delete	Delete system parameters list

INTERFACE MODE:

R3000(config)# interface Ethernet 0

R3000(config-e0)# ?	//check what commands can be used in interface mode
exit	Exit from current mode
end	Exit to Normal mode
ір	Set the IP address of an interface
mtu	Set the IP address of an interface

5.2 How to Configure the CLI

Commands /tips	Description
?	Typing a question mark "?" will show you the help information.
Ctalue	Press these two keys at the same time, except its "copy" function but also
Ctri+C	can be used for "break" out of the setting program.
	Parameters "xxx" are not supported by the system, in this case, enter a mark
Invalid command "xxx"	"?" instead of "xxx" will help to find out the correct parameters about this
	issue.
Incomplete command	Command is not incomplete.
% Invalid input detected at '^' marker	'^' marker indicates the location where the error is.

Following is a list about the description of help and the error should be encountered in the configuring program.

Note: Most of the parameters setting are in the **Global configuration mode**. Commands **set**, **add** are very important for this mode. If some parameters can't be found in the Global configuration mode, please move back to **Privileged exec mode** or move up to **Interface mode**.

Note: Knowing the **CLI hierarchy level modes** is necessary before configuring the CLI. If not, please go back and read it quickly in chapter 5.

5.2.1 QuickStart with Configuration Examples

The best and quickest way to master CLI is firstly to view all features from the webpage and then reading all CLI commands at a time , finally learn to configure it with some reference examples .

Example 1: Show current version

R3000> show version software version : 1.01.00 kernel version : v2.6.39 hardware version : 1.01.00

Example 2: Update firmware via tftp

R3000> enable Password: **** R3000# R3000# tftp 172.16.3.3 get rootfs R3k.1.01.00.02_130325

Tftp transfering tftp succeeded!downloaded R3000# write

//save current configuration

Building configuration... OK R3000#reload !Reboot the system?'yes'or 'no':yes

//reload to take effect

Example 3: Set link-management

R3000> enable Password: ***** R3000# R3000# configure R3000(config)# set link-management **Primary Interface:** 1.Cellular 2.Eth0 3.WiFi ->please select mode(1-3)[1]:2 Secondary Interface: 1.None 2.Cellular 3.WiFi //select "Eth0 Only" as wan-link ->please select mode(1-3)[1]:1 ->ICMP detection primary server[]:8.8.8.8 ->ICMP detection second server[]:8.8.8.4 ->ICMP detection interval(3-1800)[30]: ->ICMP detection timeout(1-10)[3]: ->ICMP detection retries(1-20)[3]: ->reset the interface?'yes'or'no'[no]: this parameter will be take effect when reboot! really want to modify[yes]: R3000# write //save current configuration Building configuration... OK R3000# reload !Reboot the system ?'yes'or 'no':yes //reload to take effect

Example 4: Set IP address, Gateway and DNS for Eth0

R3000> enable Password: ***** R3000# R3000# show link-management

//show current link-management

*****	*****	****
Primary Interface	: Eth0	//now "Eth0" as primary wan-link
Secondary Interface	: None	
ICMP primary server	: 8.8.8.8	
ICMP second server	: 8.8.4.4	
ICMP detection interval	: 30 seconds	
ICMP detection timeout	: 3 seconds	
ICMP detection retries	: 3	
reset the interface	: no	
******	******	****
R3000 # configure		
R3000 (config) # set eth0		
ethernet interface type: WA	N	
type select:		
1. Static IP		
2. DHCP		
3. PPPOE		
->please select mode (1-3) [1]:	
->IP address [192.168.0.1]:5	8.1.1.1	<pre>//set IP address for eth0</pre>
->Netmask [255.255.255.0]:	255.0.0.0	
->gateway [192.168.0.254]:58.1.1.254		<pre>//set gateway for eth0</pre>
->mtu value (1024-1500)[15	00]:	
->input primary DNS [192.168.0.254]:58.1.1.254		//set dns for eth0
->input secondary DNS [0.0.	0.0]:	
this parameter will be take e	ffect when reboot!	
really want to modify[yes]:		
R3000 (config) # end		
R3000# write		<pre>//save current configuration</pre>
Building configuration		
ОК		
R3000 # reload		
! Reboot the system? 'yes' o	r 'no': yes	//reload to take effect

Example 5: CLI for Cellular dialup

R3000> enable Password: ***** R3000# R3000# show link-management

Duineau clusteufe ee	. Callular	//new "Collular" on word link
		//IIOW CEIIUIdr ds WdII-IIIIK
Secondary Interface	: None	
ICIVIP primary server	: 8.8.8.8	
ICMP second server	: 8.8.8.4	
ICMP detection interval	: 30 seconds	
ICMP detection timeout	: 3 seconds	
ICMP detection retries	: 3	
reset the interface	: no	
******	*********	*
R3000 (config) # set cellular		
1. set SIM_1 parameters		
2. set SIM_2 parameters		
->please select mode (1-2)[1]]:	
SIM 1 parameters:		
network provider		
1. Auto		
2. Custom		
3. china-mobile		
->please select mode(1-3)[1]	:	
->dial out using numbers[*99)***1#]:	
->pin code[]:		
connection Mode:		
1. Always online		
2. Connect on demand		
->please select mode(1-2)[1]	:	
->redial interval(1-120)[30]:		
->max connect try(1-60)[3]:		
R3000(config)# end		
R3000# write		//save current configuration
Building configuration		
ОК		
P2000# show collular		
**************************************	******	****
Cellular enable	: yes	
1. show SIM_1 parameters		
2. show SIM_2 parameters		
->please select mode(1-2)[1]	:	

SIM 1 parameters:		
network provider	: Auto	
dial numbers	: *99***1#	
pin code	: NULL	
connection Mode	: Always online	
redial interval	: 30 seconds	
max connect try	: 3	
main SIM select	: SIM_1	
when connect fail	: yes	
when roaming is detected	: no	
month date limitation	: no	
SIM phone number	:	
network select Type	: Auto	
authentication type	: AUTO	
mtu value	: 1500	
mru value	: 1500	
asyncmap value	: Oxffffffff	
use peer DNS	: yes	
primary DNS	: 0.0.0.0	
secondary DNS	: 0.0.0.0	
address/control compression: yes		
protocol field compression	: yes	
expert options	: noccp nobsdcomp	
*****	******	

R3000# reload

!Reboot the system ?'yes'or 'no':yes

//reload to take effect

5.3 Commands Reference

commands	syntax	description
Debug	Debug parameters	Turn on or turn off debug function
Export	Export parameters	Export vpn ca certificates
Import	Import parameters	Import vpn ca cerfiticates
Syslog	syslog	Export log information to tftp server
Load	Load default	Restores default values
Write	Write	Save current configuration parameters
tftp	Tftp IP-address get {cfg rootfs} file-name	Import configuration file or update firmware via tftp
Show	Show parameters	Show current configuration of each function , if we need to see all please using "show running"
Set	Set parameters Add parameters	All the function parameters are set by commands set and add,
Add		the difference is that set is for the single parameter and add is
		for the list parameter

Glossary

Abbreviations	Description	
AC	Alternating Current	
APN	Access Point Name of GPRS Service Provider Network	
ASCII	American Standard Code for Information Interchange	
CE	Conformité Européene (European Conformity)	
СНАР	Challenge Handshake Authentication Protocol	
CLI	Command Line Interface for batch scripting	
CSD	Circuit Switched Data	
CTS	Clear to Send	
dB	Decibel	
dBi	Decibel Relative to an Isotropic radiator	
DC	Direct Current	
DCD	Data Carrier Detect	
DCE	Data Communication Equipment (typically modems)	
DCS 1800	Digital Cellular System, also referred to as PCN	
DI	Digital Input	
DO	Digital Output	
DSR	Data Set Ready	
DTE	Data Terminal Equipment	
DTMF	Dual Tone Multi-frequency	
DTR	Data Terminal Ready	
EDGE	Enhanced Data rates for Global Evolution of GSM and IS-136	
EMC	Electromagnetic Compatibility	
EMI	Electro-Magnetic Interference	
ESD	Electrostatic Discharges	
ETSI	European Telecommunications Standards Institute	
EVDO	Evolution-Data Optimized	
FDD LTE	Frequency Division Duplexing Long Term Evolution	
GND	Ground	
GPRS	General Packet Radio Service	
GRE	generic route encapsulation	
GSM	Global System for Mobile Communications	
HSPA	High Speed Packet Access	
ID	identification data	
IMEI	International Mobile Equipment Identification	
IP	Internet Protocol	

IPSec	Internet Protocol Security	
kbps	kbits per second	
L2TP	Layer 2 Tunneling Protocol	
LAN	local area network	
LED	Light Emitting Diode	
M2M	Machine to Machine	
MAX	Maximum	
Min	Minimum	
MO	Mobile Originated	
MS	Mobile Station	
MT	Mobile Terminated	
OpenVPN	Open Virtual Private Network	
РАР	Password Authentication Protocol	
PC	Personal Computer	
PCN	Personal Communications Network, also referred to as DCS 1800	
PCS	Personal Communication System, also referred to as GSM 1900	
PDU	Protocol Data Unit	
PIN	Personal Identity Number	
PLCs	Program Logic Control System	
РРР	Point-to-point Protocol	
РРТР	Point to Point Tunneling Protocol	
PSU	Power Supply Unit	
PUK	Personal Unblocking Key	
R&TTE	Radio and Telecommunication Terminal Equipment	
RF	Radio Frequency	
RTC	Real Time Clock	
RTS	Request to Send	
RTU	Remote Terminal Unit	
Rx	Receive Direction	
SDK	Software Development Kit	
SIM	subscriber identification module	
SMA antenna	Stubby antenna or Magnet antenna	
SMS	Short Message Service	
SNMP	Simple Network Management Protocol	
TCP/IP	Transmission Control Protocol / Internet Protocol	
TE	Terminal Equipment, also referred to as DTE	
Тх	Transmit Direction	
UART	Universal Asynchronous Receiver-transmitter	
UMTS	Universal Mobile Telecommunications System	

Robustel GoRugged R3000 User Guide

USB	Universal Serial Bus
USSD	Unstructured Supplementary Service Data
VDC	Volts Direct current
VLAN	Virtual Local Area Network
VPN	Virtual Private Network
VSWR	Voltage Stationary Wave Ratio
WAN	Wide Area Network